### Suggested Seasonal Overview for Y2

	AUT1	AUT2	SPR1	SPR2	SUM1	SUM2
'PLANTS'	Explore / first-hand experiences.					
OPPORTUNITIES	How does a habitat change over the year? What lives in a particular habitat (plants and animals)?					
THROUGHOUT	Seasons do not always match to what we traditionally call each half term. Seasonal changes are covered in Y1 but revisiting features during outdoor experiences will					
THE YEAR	provide an opportunity for retrieval practice.					
	AUT: Sept/Oct/Nov WIN: Dec/Jan/Feb SPR: Mar/Apr/May SUM: Jun/Jul/Aug					SUM: Jun/Jul/Aug
		OBSERVING CHANGE OVER	OBSERVING CHANGE	IDENTIFYING AND	MAIN PLANT UNIT	Continue How much
		TIME	OVER TIME	CLASSIFYING		has our plant grown?
		How long do seeds/bulbs	How do our bulbs	Can we grow our own	How much has our	Observe plants growing
		take to grow?	change as they grow?	food to eat?	plant grown?	from seed to seedlings
		Plant bulbs Oct/Nov for	Bulb growth diaries	Decide what to grow and	Observe plants	with leaves to larger
		observing in SPR1 - Plant at	(take measurements of	when it should be	growing from seed to	plants.
		least 2 varieties to offer a	shoot/leaf length and	planted (from the seed	seedlings with leaves	
		comparison. Draw before	temp)	packet info). Prepare the	to larger plants.	
		planting and then record		plot, digging over the soil		
		weekly changes in a growth	Can we grow our own	and removing any weeds.	What do plants need	
		diary/zigzag book when they	food to eat?	Use identification charts	to stay healthy?	
		begin to appear above the soil.	Provide an opportunity to	and prior knowledge	Caring for plants	
			grow and care for an	from Y1 to name	within the school	
			indoor plant such as	common weeds found.	grounds – e.g. bedding	
			sweet peppers.		plants, classroom/ indoor plants.	
			OBSERVING CHANGE		'	
			OVER TIME			
			How do the contents of			
			a compost heap/bin			
			change over time?			
			Link with 'Animals,			
			including humans' unit			
			whenever this is taught.			
			When considering food			
			eaten, also reflect on			
			food waste and start a			
			campaign to encourage			
			composting to reduce			
			food waste.			

'LIVING THINGS AND THEIR HABITATS' OPPORTUNITIES THROUGHOUT THE YEAR

# Introduction to LIVING THINGS & THEIR HABITATS unit.

(Perhaps for 3 weeks only in September)

### IDENTIFYING AND CLASSIFYING What living things can we spot in our school grounds this month?

Introduction to 'what is a habitat' and minibeast spotter sheets:

- A habitat walks or minibeast safari (exploring soil, under rocks/logs, in cracks/holes)
- Recording observations
- Features of a minibeast (wings, no of legs, etc.)
- Introducing spotter sheets/ identification charts
- Draw and annotate what features it has.

## IDENTIFYING AND CLASSIFYING

# What living things can we spot in our school grounds this month?

Revisit the same or a different habitat to record and tally what you find there – different place or different time of the year. Do this in December when the weather is significantly colder. Do they find more or less examples during each visit?

## OBSERVING CHANGE OVER TIME

Is there the same level of light in an evergreen wood compared with a deciduous wood?

Try in Dec and then in summer when deciduous trees are back in leaf.

### IDENTIFYING AND CLASSIFYING

## What living things can we spot in our school grounds this month?

Opportunity to link to birds and compare this with the number found later in the year. Y2 can campaign to reception to improve the local area for bird feeding over winter.

# Which natural materials can we put in our school compost heap? How can we sort them? How do worms help our compost heap?

Composting opportunity linked to 'Animals Including Humans', food we eat and reducing food waste.

## IDENTIFYING AND CLASSIFYING

## What is living in our vegetable plots?

Preparing a planting plot and digging over the soil - opportunity to spot, tally and identify minibeasts found.

### OBSERVING CHANGE OVER TIME How do birds change as they grow?

Set up a live feed to a birdbox camera to observe offspring as they hatch and grow (e.g. BBC Springwatch or RSPB).

#### OBSERVING CHANGE OVER TIME

Is there the same level of light in an evergreen wood compared with a deciduous wood? Try in Dec and then

Try in Dec and then in summer when deciduous trees are back in leaf.

# MAIN LIVING THINGS & THEIR HABITATS unit continued this half term.

### IDENTIFYING AND CLASSIFYING What living things can we spot in our school grounds this month?

Consider visiting a different habitat within the school grounds or an offsite visit e.g. pond, wetland centre, nature reserve.

Designing their own minibeast – what features does it have?

Identify plants as well as minibeasts in the local habitat using spotter sheets to help with common examples.

How can we improve our school grounds for animals?

How can we prevent slugs and snails from eating our crops?

Children generate a question for investigation such as:

- -Are there more daisies in the meadow or on the field? -Where do you see more ivy
- / clover?
- -Where do you see more slugs?
- -Where do snails prefer to live?
- -Which colour caterpillars are easiest to find?