## Key Learning – Working Scientifically / Working Like a Scientist

a tree changing through the

a few weeks)

seasons, a plant growing over

key Learning – working Scientifically / working Like a Scientist							
Using vocabulary		Curiosity and asking questions					
<ul> <li>Use appropriate vocabulary to talk about what they see, hear and feel whilst in the natural world and beyond</li> <li>Use simple vocabulary to name and describe objects, events, materials, living things and environments.</li> </ul>		Explore / observe  • Look closely at and talk about what they notice whilst exploring the world around them.		<ul> <li>Questioning</li> <li>Show an interest in and be curious about the world around them</li> <li>Whilst playing and exploring, ask questions such as 'I wonder?' and 'What would happen if?' and 'How can we?</li> </ul>			
Finding things out (testing and gathering data)							
<ul> <li>Make observations using equipment</li> <li>Use senses or simple equipment to make observations and develop their small motor skills, (e.g., magnifiers, pipettes, egg timers, simple digital microscopes, etc.)</li> <li>Collect a series of observations over longer periods of time (e.g., ice changing over a day,</li> </ul>	Compare, identify, sort and group  • Make direct comparisons and notice similarities and differences in the natural world, including themselves and others, plants and animals, weather, seasons and materials  • Sort / group collections of things using their own criteria  • Begin to identify and name		<ul> <li>Test</li> <li>Test things out to make comparisons and to answer questions during play or exploration</li> <li>Show resilience, when trying to find things out</li> <li>Work with others when testing their ideas or the ideas of others</li> <li>Use talk to help work out problems, organise thinking</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Research</li> <li>Talk to people (visits/visitors/family) to find things out and answer questions</li> <li>Think of questions to ask to find out about</li> <li>Use first hand experiences and secondary sources, (e.g. books, photographs, internet) to find things out and answer questions</li> </ul>		

and activities, and to explain

how things work and why

they might happen

objects/living things (and

some of their features) by

matching them with pictures

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Recording (reco	Answering the question	
Describe experiences and events in some detail  • Talk about and describe the changes they notice and things that happen, based on real experiences or books read to them.	<ul> <li>Record</li> <li>Draw pictures, take photographs, make models or use music, dance and role-play to represent their observations</li> <li>Record in scrapbooks, as part of a display or using digital media</li> <li>Add or write simple labels to annotate drawings, photographs, models, images</li> <li>With support, use sorting rings/boxes, simple prepared tick sheets/tables to record observations and comparisons.</li> <li>Count objects, actions and sounds</li> <li>With support, make comparisons using hands and feet and other non-standard measures such as building blocks, pieces of string, small straws</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Explaining and understanding (what has happened / changed)</li> <li>Use their observations to help them to answer their questions</li> <li>Talk about they have done and noticed</li> <li>Talk about what they have observed and found out e.g., "The big block of ice changed/became to water. It took a long time." "The blue car was the best. It went [down the ramp] the fastest."</li> <li>Use measurement vocabulary to express simple comparisons between things e.g., "My mummy's feet are bigger than mine", "Sam's plant is taller than mine", "My stone is heavier than Sophie's."</li> <li>Talk about how their actions changed an outcome e.g. "I pushed the car really hard, and it went a long way."</li> <li>Make direct comparisons or use their recorded observations to talk about what they found out and answer the question, where appropriate</li> <li>Use appropriate vocabulary to express their understanding (relevant to EY experiences and context)</li> </ul>