

Lancashire Curriculum Tests

Year 1 – End of Summer Term

(Meeting end of year expectations)

Mathematics test administration guide and mark schemes

Paper 1: arithmetic

Paper 2: reasoning

Administration guide

Format	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• This test consists of two papers, an arithmetic paper and a reasoning paper.• It is expected that the arithmetic paper will take approximately 20 minutes and the reasoning paper will take approximately 35 minutes to complete. These timings are simply a guide, not a strict limit.• The reasoning paper contains five aural questions, the script for which can be found in this booklet.• It is at your discretion to choose when or if pupil(s) require a break during each test or whether, if appropriate, to stop the test early.• The test may be administered as a class or in groups, whichever is deemed most suitable. The assistance guidance should be followed in either situation.
Equipment	<p>Each pupil will need the equipment specified below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• a pencil• a ruler showing centimetres• a rubber (optional). If rubbers are not provided, you should tell pupils that they may cross out any answers they wish to change. <p>In addition, for these summer term tests, children are permitted to make use of the practical equipment they have available to them in lessons. This includes, but is not limited to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• base 10 equipment• bundles of straws• place value counters• arrow cards• number lines• ten frames• counters / cubes <p>Pupils are not allowed to use calculators in the test.</p>
Assistance	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• You must ensure that nothing you say or do during a test could be interpreted as giving pupils an advantage, e.g. indicating that an answer is correct or incorrect, or suggesting the pupil looks at an answer again.• If a pupil requests it, a question may be read to them on a one-to-one basis. However, adults can only read numbers and not mathematical symbols. This is to ensure that pupils are not given an unfair advantage by having the function inadvertently explained by reading its name.

Administering the aural questions

Instructions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Explain to the pupils that you will read aloud some questions for them to answer. Explain that you will read each question twice only, leaving a short gap in between. Tell the pupils that they must listen very carefully when you read the questions. • Ask the pupils to turn to the appropriate page of the booklet. Explain that there is a practice question on this page. • When reading the question to the pupils, remember to repeat the question. • Repeat the bold text only. <p><i>This is a practice question for us to do together.</i></p> <p>(You may help pupils locate the question where necessary.)</p> <p>Write the number sixty five in digits.</p> <p><i>Write your answer in the box.</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Before proceeding, ensure that the pupils know where they should have written their answer and the number they should have written and discuss methods the pupils used to work out their answer. Allow the pupils to change their answers to the correct one by crossing out or rubbing out, to make sure they know how to correct errors. • Explain to the pupils that you will now read out questions 1 to 5. • Tell the pupils that they should try to answer all of the questions. They should write their answer in the correct place for that question. • Remind the pupils that you can't help them answer these next questions. Tell the pupils that they should try to work them out on their own. If they can't answer a question, they should move onto the next one. • Ask the pupils if they have any questions they want to ask you before you start. • Then read questions 1 to 5, allowing time for pupils to write their answers. When reading the question to the pupils, remember to repeat the question. Repeat the bold text only. At the end of each question, allow sufficient time for pupils to complete what they can.
Question 1	<p><i>Question 1</i></p> <p>Circle the child who is third in the queue for lunch.</p>
Question 2	<p><i>Turn the page in your booklet and find the answer box for question 2.</i></p> <p><i>Question 2</i></p> <p>Draw an arrow to show where the number 12 would be on this number line.</p>
Question 3	<p><i>Question 3</i></p> <p>Which of these shapes is a pyramid?</p> <p><i>Tick it.</i></p>
Question 4	<p><i>Question 4</i></p> <p>Lin, Sam and Ben had a race. Lin won the race. Ben was quicker than Sam. Who came second?</p> <p><i>Put a ring around their name.</i></p>
Question 5	<p><i>Question 5</i></p> <p>Tick the shape that has one quarter shaded.</p>

General marking principles

The marking guidance within these tests directly reflects the guidance for the national end of key stage tests.

1. The pupil's answer does not match closely any of the examples given in the mark scheme.	Teachers will use their judgement in deciding whether the answer corresponds with details in the 'Requirement' column of the mark scheme. Reference will also be made to the 'Additional guidance' column.
2. The pupil has answered in a non-standard way.	Pupils may provide evidence in any form as long as its meaning can be understood. Diagrams, symbols or words are acceptable for indicating an answer.
3. There appears to be a misread of the numbers affecting the working.	<p>A misread occurs when a pupil misreads a number given in the question and consistently uses a different number that does not alter the original intention or difficulty of the question. For example, if '43' is misread as '48', both numbers may be regarded as comparable in difficulty. However, if '43' is misread as '40' or '45', the misread number may be regarded as making the question easier. The misread of a number will affect the award of marks.</p> <p>No marks are awarded if there is more than one misread in a question or if the mathematics is simplified by the misread.</p> <p>For 1-mark questions: no mark is awarded for one or more misreads.</p> <p>For 2-mark questions that have a method mark: 1 mark is awarded if the correct method is correctly implemented with the misread number, provided this does not simplify the mathematics.</p>
4. No answer is given in the expected place, but the correct answer is given elsewhere.	Where a word or number response is expected, a pupil may meet the requirement by annotating a graph or labelling a diagram elsewhere in the question.
5. The pupil's answer is correct but the wrong working is shown.	Always award the mark for a final response that is correct.
6. The answer in the answer box is wrong, but the correct answer is shown in the working.	Give precedence to the response given in the answer box over any other workings. However, in a 2-mark question, one mark may still be awarded for evidence of a complete, correct method.
7. The pupil's answer correctly follows through from earlier incorrect work.	'Follow through' marks for an answer may only be awarded when specifically stated in the mark scheme.
8. The correct answer has been crossed (or rubbed) out and not replaced.	No marks will be awarded for crossed-out answers or working.
9. More than one answer is given.	If all answers given are correct (or a range of answers are given, all of which are correct), a mark will be awarded unless the mark scheme states otherwise. If both correct and incorrect responses are given, no mark will be awarded unless the mark scheme states otherwise.
10. The pupil reverses a digit in their answer.	<p>A reversed digit is acceptable if it is clearly recognisable as the digit intended; for example, a reversed 2 must clearly show the characteristics of a 2 rather than a 5.</p> <p>As a further example, where the answer is '61' and the response '01' is given, then this should be awarded the mark.</p> <p>You should take a decision based upon your knowledge of the child's writing.</p>

11. The pupil transposes digits in their answer.

A pupil transposes digits by reversing their order e.g. '83' instead of '38'.

An answer with transposed digits should not be awarded the mark; for example, a response of '16' or '01' when the answer is '61' should not be marked as correct.

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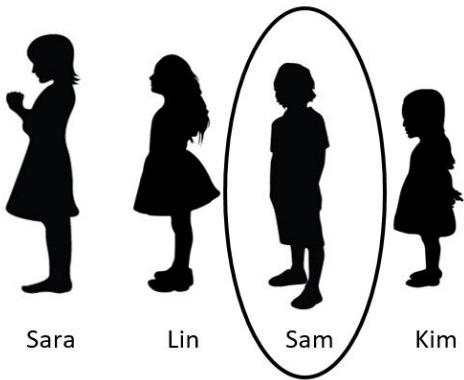
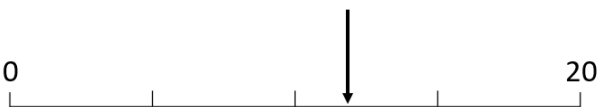
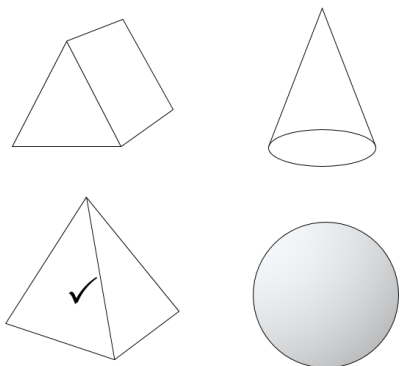

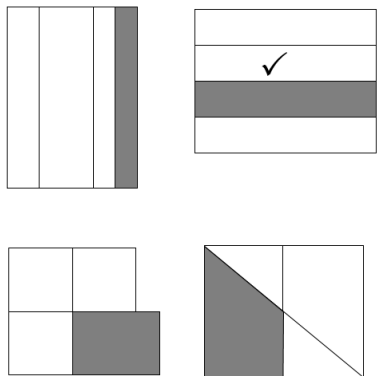
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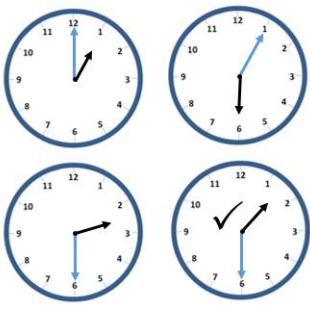
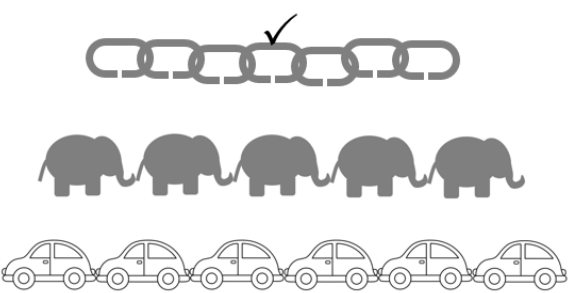
Mark schemes for Paper 1: arithmetic

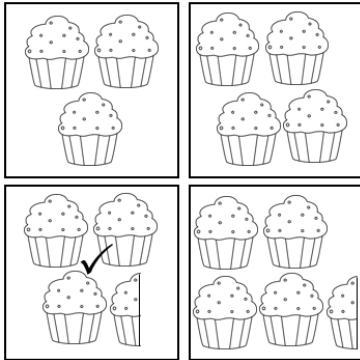
Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
P	10		
1	20	1m	
2	8	1m	
3	34	1m	
4	12	1m	
5	50	1m	
6	8	1m	
7	9	1m	
8	44	1m	
9	10	1m	
10	6	1m	
11	37	1m	
12	20	1m	
13	19	1m	
14	23	1m	
15	59	1m	
16	12	1m	
17	13	1m	
18	8	1m	
19	4	1m	
20	5	1m	
21	5	1m	
22	4	1m	
23	14	1m	
24	14	1m	
25	25	1m	

Total of 25 marks

Mark schemes for Paper 2: reasoning

Qu.	Requirement	Mark	Additional guidance
P	65		
1	 <p>Sara Lin Sam Kim</p>	1m	
2		1m	Accept an arrow between the 10 and 15 markers provided that it is closer to the 10 marker.
3		1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. pyramid circled
4	<p>Lin Sam Ben</p> 	1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. Ben ticked
5		1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. one quarter circled
6	£6	1m	

7		1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. half past one circled
8		1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. links circled
9	ml g <u>m</u> kg	1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. m ticked
10	12	1m	
11	9	1m	
12a	Accept any answer from: 10, 12, 13, 15, 17, 18, 19	1m	
12b	Accept any number other than those listed above and 11, 14 and 16	1m	
13	<p>Award TWO marks for all three correct answers.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">96</div> , 97, 98, <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px 10px;">99</div> , 100 </div> <p>Award ONE mark for any two correct answers.</p>	up to 2m	
14	<p>one quarter turn left <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></p> <p>one quarter turn right <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>one half turn <input type="checkbox"/></p> <p>one full turn <input type="checkbox"/></p>	1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. one quarter turn left circled
15a	4	1m	
15b	4	1m	
16a	5 + 4 = 9	1m	
16b	4 = 7 - 3	1m	

17		1m	Accept any other unambiguous indication of the correct answer, e.g. three and a half buns circled										
18	15	1m	Award ONE mark even if the ten frames have not been annotated.										
19	<p>Award TWO marks for the table on the left indicated and: an explanation which shows that 4 lots of 10 is more than 6 lots of 5. OR $10 + 10 + 10 + 10$ is more than $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5$ OR Sight of 40 and 30 OR An explanation that indicates counting, e.g. 'I counted more pencils on that table.'</p> <p>Award ONE mark for sight of 40 and 30 with incorrect or neither table indicated. OR Correct table indicated and no more than one arithmetic error, e.g. $10 + 10 + 10 + 10 = 50$ $5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 + 5 = 30$</p>	up to 2m	Award NO marks for the correct table indicated with no explanation.										
20	20g	1m											
21	<div>5 − 4 <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>5 + 3 <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>5 − 3 <input type="checkbox"/></div> <div>5 + 4 <input checked="" type="checkbox"/></div>	1m											
22	30 children	1m											
23	3 triangles	1m											
24	<table><tr><td>40</td><td>41</td><td>42</td><td>43</td><td>44</td><td>45</td><td>46</td><td>47</td><td>48</td><td>49</td></tr></table>	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	1m	
40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49				

25a	£13	1m	Award ONE mark for part b if the answer from part a was incorrect but followed through with a correct calculation and answer in part b.
25b	£7	1m	
26	5	1m	
27	30ml	1m	
28	4kg	1m	
29	yesterday <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> today <input type="checkbox"/> tomorrow <input type="checkbox"/>	1m	

Total of 35 marks