

Tuesday 1<sup>st</sup> December

I xII MMXX 1.12.20

WALT: Use action openers

I feel pain, pain that I could feel in as many parts of my small, weak body that I can think of. The feeling of seeing darkness that stretched for miles, trying to find a space to rest.

My feet, I could barely feel them as I came to a landing. Then, it hit me, the ache of my worn wings, which had been flapping for hours. It hurt, it hurt a lot, it hurt me so much that I tried to call for family, but only a screech, a screech that nobody heard came out of my beak. Cold liquid dripped off of my wings and down to my feet, all I could see was the same stuff coming from the sky, then falling into the ocean.

Once again, I opened my eyes, I must have collapsed... The pain and ache was everlasting, all I ever wanted was for it to stop. Ten minutes, Twenty, all this time and it wasn't stopping. The rain, it stopped, but I could see it, how? A little warmth was coming from behind and a shadow came over me.

I turned around to see a dark figure, was I being watched! The figure had a dark cloth over them. Suddenly, in front of the figure came two hands with purple cloth on them. I was grabbed, the light became nothing.

I'm Scared.

LOV (I)

Monday 6<sup>th</sup> November

XVI. XI. MMXX

WALT: Use cohesive links

Everyone got together, walking from all different areas, they gathered in the middle of the manor, knowing that someone among them was the imposter. They all stared and questioned, in fact, they looked terrified. Suddenly, Madame Peacock broke down in the center and blurted "I can't take this anymore!"

She took a deep breath and continued "This is taking too long, I'll find out myself who did it." Scared looks floated around the room, all of them looking at Madame. Nobody spoke, the room was completely silent for a while, Madame Peacock sobbed quietly in the corner. All of them knew that somebody in the room had killed Mr Black, the one they had come to have dinner with.

Sherlock bursted into the room, calmly actually, for such a hard push. He began to explain about the whole case, telling the killer how well they'd done. For a few minutes he stayed quiet, observing each one of the suspects. "I will now begin to talk about all the clues I found." Firstly, Sherlock started to say how he found a feather with Miss Scarlet's fingerprints on it. In her defense, she claimed that she found it and she wanted to make it into jewellery, Miss Scarlet seemed pretty confident, as it was a valid excuse. The next thing he said was "Mr Plum, why did you have all those chemedles in your suitcase?" He sat straight in his chair and told them how he was experimenting and hoped to make a new discovery. Sherlock wasn't going to hesitate, so he asked the final question ~~revealing~~ before revealing who the real imposter was. "Colonel Mustard, Miss Scarlet and Mr Plum, why were your fingerprints all on the same letter?!" He sternly stared at all of them, over and over again. No answer.

It was time for the reveal, "I have closely

studied every clue in this house, checked over and over, and now I have found out who the KILLERS were." Walking up and down the ~~corridor~~ room, he finally reduced the wait "and... the killers are, Miss Scarlet and Mr Plum." Both of them had planned to kill him, even before they came here. Simple, Sherlock had found a piece of purple material at the murder scene, before it was moved away. Later on, the killers ~~was~~ were arrested for charge of murder of Mr Black.

Tuesday 24th November 2020

XXIV XI MMXX

## WAL: About an influential Scientist

On April 3rd 1907, Jane Goodhall was born. She is very well known for being 'the chimp lady' accompanied by her toy monkey, Jubilee, who later on, becomes real.

### Jane Morris Goodhall's childhood

Jane - Morris Goodhall was born in 1907, April 3rd. She had loved animals ever since she was a kid, she even had a special toy monkey, who she clung onto ever since, Jane carried him everywhere she went. At the age of five, she would stay outside in her chicken coop, just to watch how eggs were layed and how they behaved. In her childhood, she was extremely happy as she spent most of her time outside with her mates, but after the war, her parents got a divorce.

### Early education/work

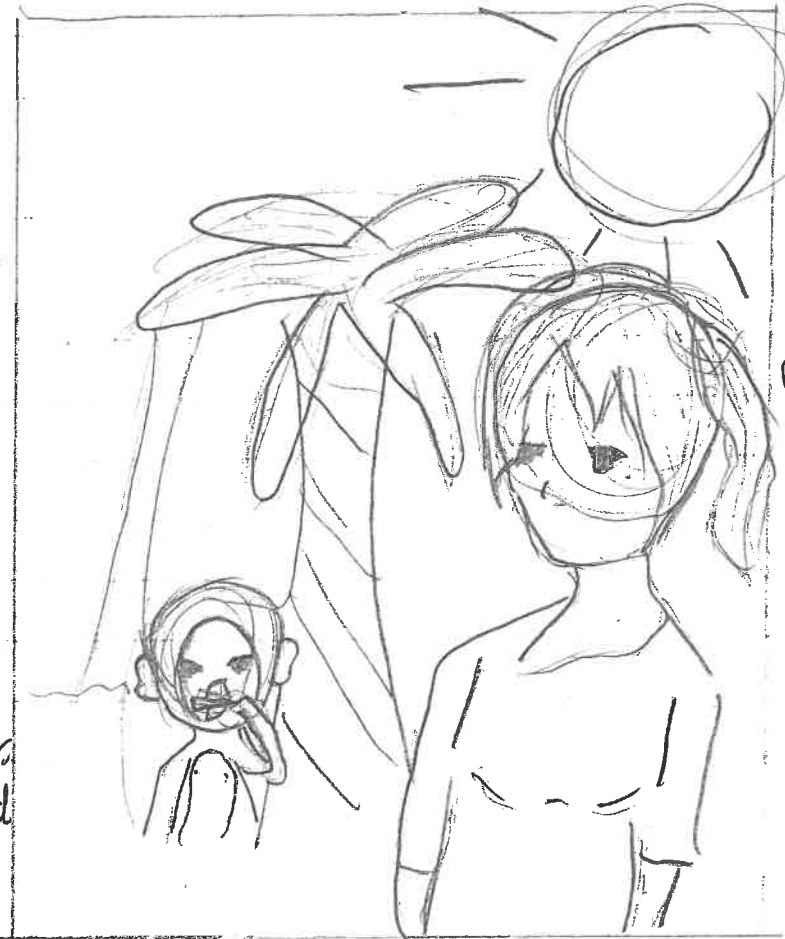
However, Jane got over the fact: until, she noticed that after she finished school, she would not be able to pay for university. Instead she began to sort documents.

### Kenya

Following this, May 1956, her friend had invited her to her farm in Kenya, gladly, Jane accepted! She couldn't wait to see all the animals and happily waited. When

she was 23, she finally managed to get to Kenya, by boat. Jane met a load of new people. The most important part of the journey was when she met Dr Louis S B Leaky, who was a famous anthropologist and palaeontologist. Finally managing to impress Leaky, she had learnt a lot more about animals. She travelled along with Leaky and his wife, hoping to find some animals. They began their study on a wild chimpanzee, immediately, both Leaky and Jane fell in love and wanted to get closer to them. British authorities could never, ever turn down a young

It took the chimps quite a while to get used to Jane as she was new to the jungle, later, chimps had got used to Jane but it took a long time.



girl living in the jungle with wild animals. Jane and vanne had arrived at the shores of Gombe Stream.

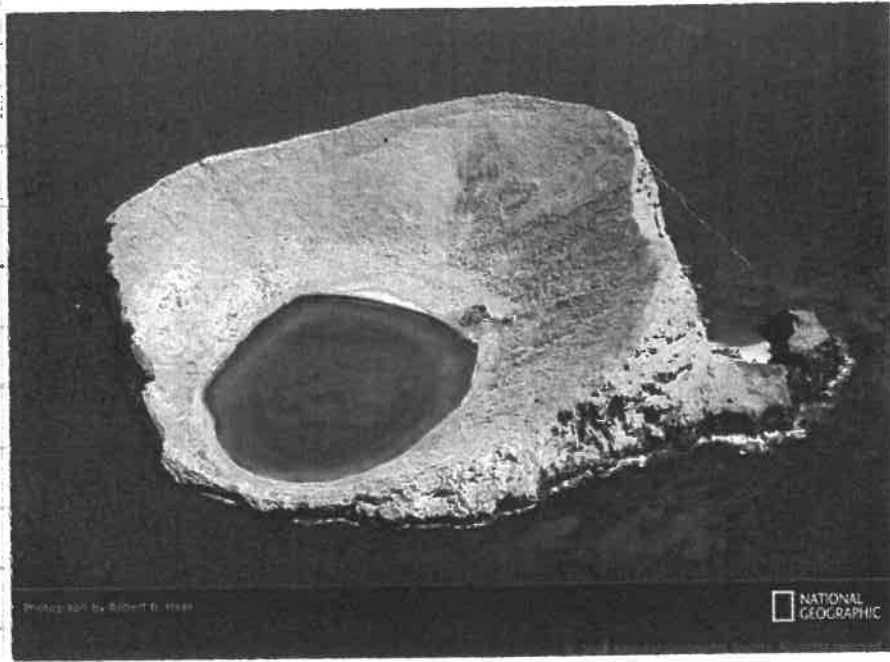


Jane Goodhall with a chimp  
- Jane's toy monkey, before buying it, family friends had said that it would scare Jane, turned out that it would be her best friend.

Monday 23<sup>rd</sup> November

XXIII. XI. MMXX

WAL: About Adaptations to environment



- Dangers
- Sharks and ocean life
  - Sharp rocks
  - large Squids
  - deep ocean
  - Sinking Sand
  - Seagulls
  - piranna's
  - large hills
  - Scorpions
  - lizards

### Adaptations

hoof-like feet  
big ears  
colouring / patches  
eyelashes that close  
snout  
good eyesight  
amazing Sense of Smell  
Small fangs



Living on an exotic island, this small animal buries in sand and hides. The hoof like feet make sure that it won't slip in the sand and dig things up. They would usually get the pointy bits of their feet to use to dig sand up. It has huge ears. That makes sure that it can hear any predators. They can hear anything up to 30 meters away from them. The colouring of the Poogle 'Poo' is extremely distinct a sandy base

colour and black patches over the short fur. A Poogle can blend in easily with the sand and the rocks, perfect for a sandy island. It's eyelashes are quite similar to a camel's, they can close them without needing to close their eyes. Needed in such an environment, they have snouts - like a cow or pig. The idea for this is that their noses are more powerful and it helps them communicate. Good eyesight, equals making it easier to see sharks, wild birds and grubs (food). Eyesight is extremely useful in all situations. Even the good ones. Smell, being able to smell crabs and worms would be very hard for a human, for a Poogle it's common sense! They eat all sorts of animals, crabs, worms, grubs and fish, to help them to eat their prey, they have small fangs. Even though the fangs are tiny, the Poogle still has a powerful bite. Enough to break a crab shell.

Thursday 19<sup>th</sup> November 2020

XIX. XI MMXX

WALT: Use biographical features

### The doctors discovery

You might have heard of James Watson, the discoverer of Deoxyribonucleic Acid (DNA) and a title to the British Empire, but lets take a closer look at his life and find out how he did it.

### Life as a child

James Dewey Watson was born on April 6<sup>th</sup> 1928 in Chicago. He was accompanied by J.D. Watson (his father) and Jean Mitchell (his mother) but no siblings. As a child, he went to many schools, such as grammar school, then, when he was fifteen, he transferred to the University of Chicago, where he studied biology, since he had such a large interest in birds and wildlife. He was also awarded his Bachelor of Science degree.

### Later education

James was turned down by Harvard and the California Institute of Technology, but later on, he won a scholarship to the University of Indiana and studied zoology, also began working on his skill of X-ray, since his first attempts of spotting DNA were through X-rays.

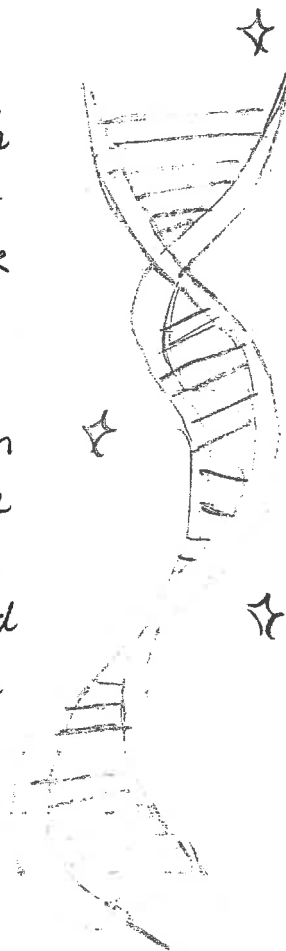
He finally discovered DNA with one of his friends, after working on it for years. He finally succeeded to sequence the human genome. A funny fact is that, to celebrate, they went down the road to have a pint.

### What is Watson's Legacy?

Dr. Watson's discovery has changed the world because now humans know a lot more about themselves. Also, DNA can help in solving crimes and even in a global pandemic like coronavirus in 2020. One of James's favourite words was 'why?' he always needed to know how it worked and why.

He also worked with two other ladies, who actually did more work than all of the men.

However, the men got all the credit and even an award. One of the ladies was Rosalind Franklin, she discovered a picture of one of the parts first, but James stole that evidence and claimed it as his own.



- Double Helix

James had stolen the Crystalline Chromatography from Rosalind.

Students

James is even still alive today, he is 92 and goes around to schools to teach students about DNA, it doesn't happen too often. He was awarded a part knighthood - without the sword and can be called Dr. Sir James Dewey Watson.

LOV ② How is his discovery useful today?



Monday 30<sup>th</sup> November 2020

XXX.XI.MMXX

WALT: Describe coastal features

Erosion is the process of an arch, a stack, a cave or a stump. It happens to huge rocks through hydraulic action, when water finds a weakness in a rock and destroys it. Erosion happens everyday, such as walls being worn and the bottom of your shoes once they have been worn for a while.



Firstly, before anything really happens, the water has to find a weakness. Such as a tiny crack or a hole. The water would find its way into it and begin to pull each side away from the other, which makes the crack bigger. As shown

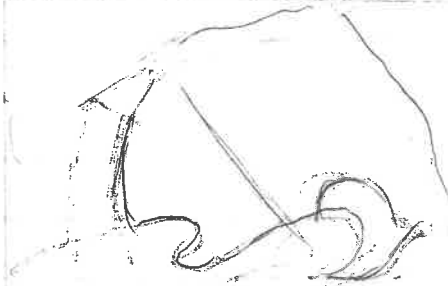


in the picture.

After that, a small hole would start to show, since the water would break the weak rocks off first, then force the bigger, harder rocks to break. The crack would keep on growing and growing because more water would fill the gap.

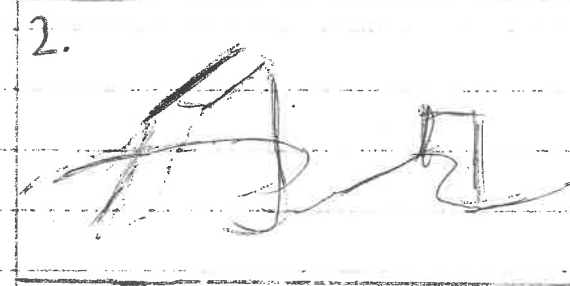
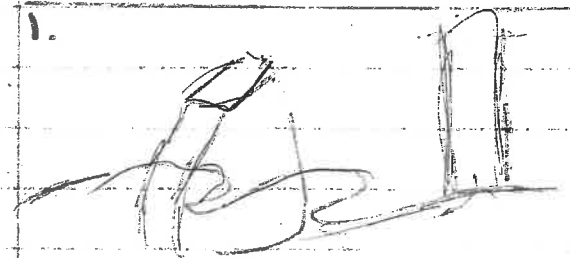
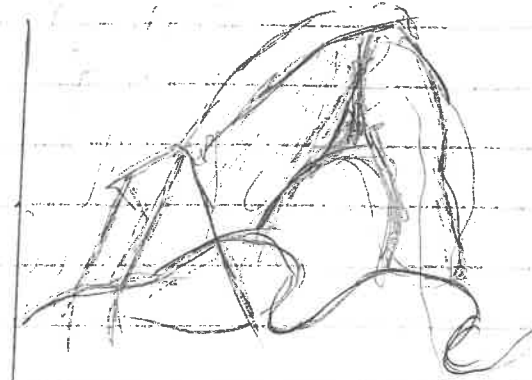


Next, an arch would have formed by now, since the water has now washed the rocks into the ocean, leaving a clear arch. Some people even enjoy to walk underneath and



take pictures underneath them.

The arch now becomes some sort of cave and is twice the size of the other one, making it easy for anyone to walk under. A large crack now appears above the cave and it is very, very close to falling into the ocean.



Second to lastly, the arch would fall, get washed away and the water around it would start undercutting the rock.

Thursday 22nd October 2020

XXII.X.MMXX

WALT: Write a report

Hades:

God of the underworld

Hades is a brother of both Zeus and Poseidon. He rules the underworld and is also known as Satan, Lucifer and The Devil, along with his three headed guard dog called Cerberus. Around five century Bc, the Romans and Greeks had much fear of saying his name so for a short amount of time, they changed his name to Plouton. There is many Greek Gods since they liked to believe that if you worshiped them, they should grant you. Zeus is the King of all Gods and is extremely famous, you may have heard of him from movies or books.

Hades power isnt only ruling the underworld it also consists of wealth on the earth, another one of his powers is The Helm of Darkness, which made him entirely invisible. His only weakness was his forever lasting love for Persephone, Zeus's daughter who he had kidnapped before and made his wife. Imagine being taken by your uncle and made his wife, wierd right? Persephone was very beautiful and that is why Hades took her.

His appearance was different to the rest of the Gods, he had a puffed, black beard, he wore a metal helmet which made him invisible and a robe that he wore most of the time.



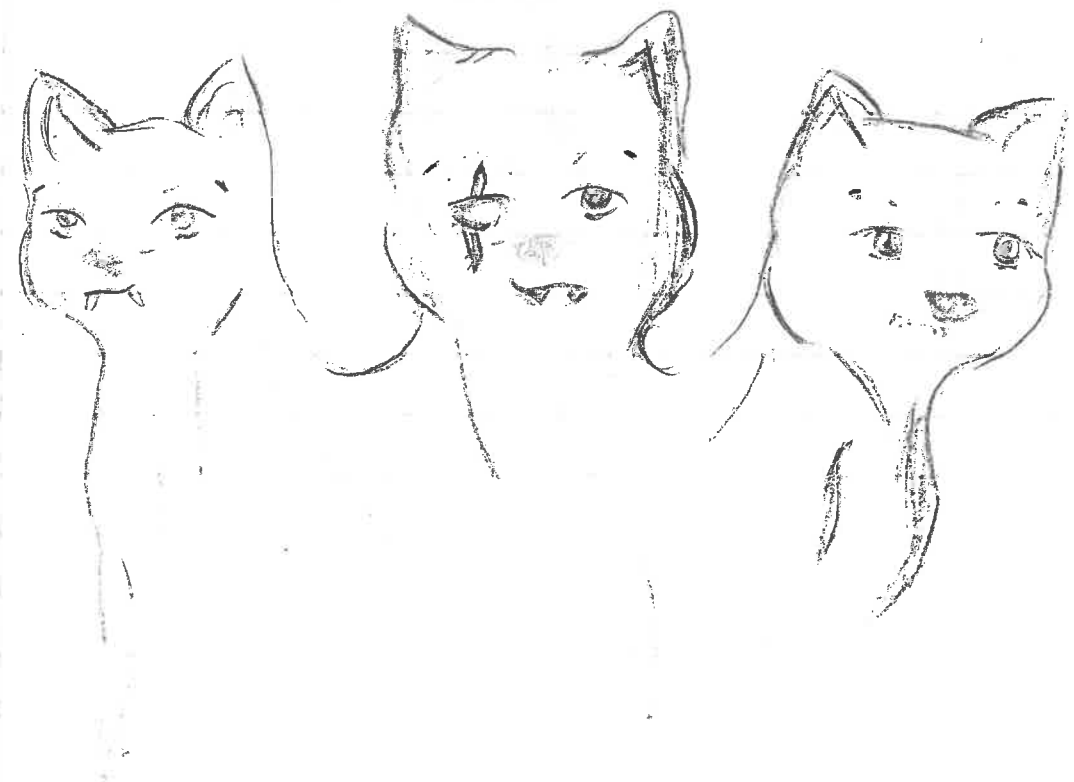
He looked quite evil, matching his personality. Hades was a sly, evil beast. He did what he wanted as not many other Gods could go to the underworld.

In other cultures, Hades has different forms, some of them including: Lucifer, Charon, Hermes, Cronus, Erinyes, Hecate and Cerberus. With each version, there is a different version for the story as well, in Christianity The Devil tries to make Jesus fall into his trap and he rules a place called hell, hell is where people go after perishing if they have done bad in life. You also see this form of Hades in a lot of films, The Devil and the angel are supposed to be Good and Evil, meaning that the Devil is a vicious, mean creature and that an angel is the opposite.

The Greeks believe that if you do not pray to Hades and give him small offerings of food he will pull your crops straight out of the ground since he rules the underworld. Many, many people fear Hades and pray to him a lot since they don't want Hades to do bad to them. He can also never, ever go back to the normal world as he was cursed. Only Zeus and Hermes can enter the underworld.

In Greek time, Hades was extremely important a reason why he is one of the main twelve Gods. Modern days on the other hand, he is still very important and is included in

many many religions, some people even still pray to him as he is still concluded as a God.



LO/ ① How did the gods influence the lives of the Ancient Greeks?