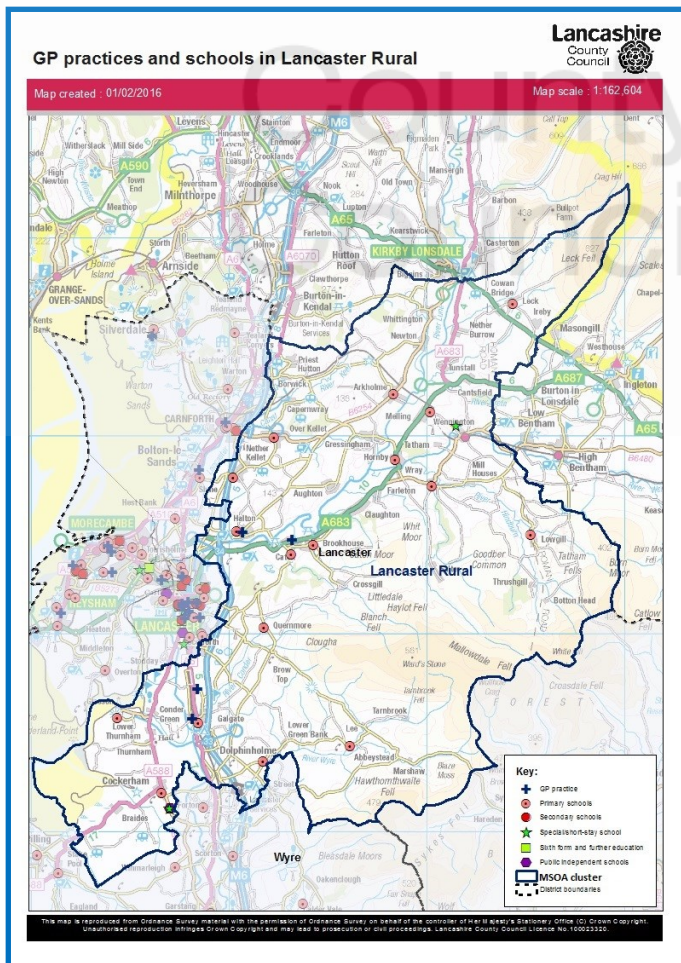


Public Health, assisted by Business Intelligence within Lancashire County Council have created 34 middle level (MSOA\* cluster) Child Health Profiles (CHPs). This is because the CHPs on the Public Health England website are only at upper tier level. This does not show the outcome data at sub-district level but just an overview of children and young people’s health across the whole of County. These lower level profiles highlight where children’s health needs are the greatest and opportunities to reduce inequalities are greatest.

**LANCASTER RURAL**



There are 17 primary schools and NO secondary schools in Lancaster Rural. There are 2 independent schools and 1 special school. The University is just within the boundary as is Galgate, a suburb with a large student population.

There are 4 GP practices

The population figures clearly show a stark difference in the proportion of 16-19 year olds living here with 24% of the female 0-19 population and 22% of the male 0-19 population in this age band - as opposed to 10% & 11% respectively at the Lancashire level. There are fewer 5-10 year olds than the Lancashire rate.

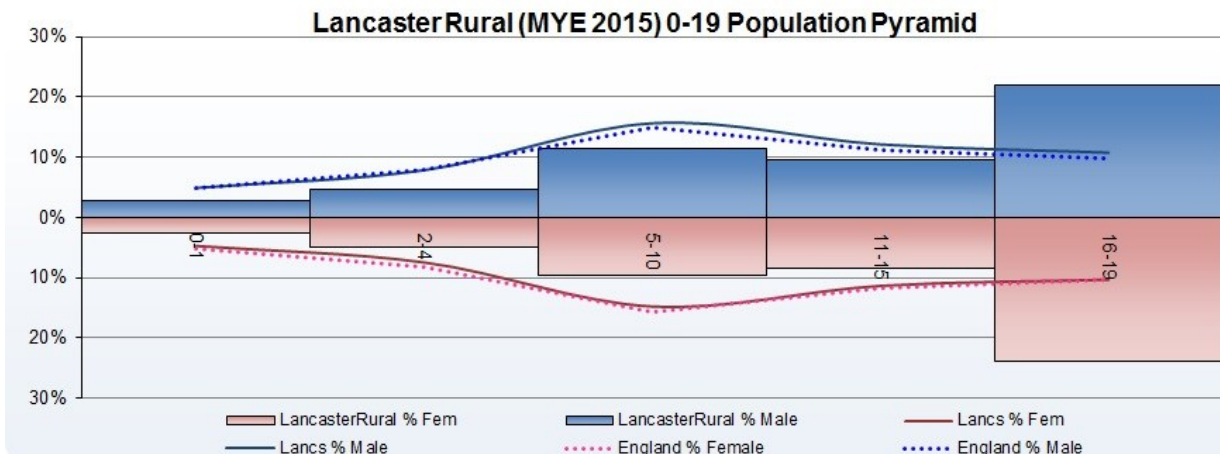
Child health indicators are in the main very good in Lancaster Rural with just 7% of children living in poverty (ranked 29th of the 34 CHPs covering Lancashire where 34 = best).

There are no children aged 0-4 on a child protection order and just 1% of young people are not in education employment or training (NEET).

Child mortality is very low (0.64 deaths per 10,000 children aged 1-17yrs - 33rd)

Road traffic accidents are low as are births to mums aged <20.

Age Band	Female	Male	LancasterRural % Fem	LancasterRural % Male	Lancs % Fem	Lancs % Male
0-1	138	153	3%	3%	5%	5%
2-4	267	243	5%	5%	7%	8%
5-10	504	606	10%	11%	15%	16%
11-15	449	502	8%	9%	11%	12%
16-19	1262	1167	24%	22%	10%	11%
Total	2620	2671	50%	50%	49%	51%



\* MSOA - Middle Layer Super Output Areas are built from groups of Lower Layer Super Output Areas. The minimum population is 5000 and the mean is 7200

Lancashire County Council Children & Young People’s Public Health Commissioning—Child Health Profiles 2017

Indicators are ranked according to their position within the 34 MSOA clusters and the colour ramp indicates in which quintile the value is located. The top seven being red (worst 5th), the next seven being orange (2nd worst 5th) the mid 6 being yellow (middle 5th) the next to best seven being blue (2nd best fifth) and the lowest seven being green (best 5th)

Top 5 'worst' indicators	Rank	Value
% of reception age children carrying excess weight	17	23%
Educational attainment key stage 2 %	17	55%
Educational attainment key stage 4 %	19	60%
A&E attendance rate per 1,000 5-19 year olds, 2015/16	21	283.52
Non elective admissions in 0-4 year olds rate per 1,000, 2015/16	23	229.71
Lancaster Rural	Rank	Value
% of children living in poverty, 2015	29	7%
Child mortality rate per 10,000 1-17 year olds, 2006-2015	33	2 (0.64)
Infant deaths per 1,000 live births, 2006-2015	27	4 (2.87)
A&E attendance rate per 1,000 0-4 year olds, 2015/16	29	372.03
A&E attendance rate per 1,000 5-19 year olds, 2015/16	21	283.52
Non elective admissions in 0-4 year olds rate per 1,000, 2015/16	23	229.71
Free school meals Jan 2017 %	29	5%
YP NEET %	33	1%
Educational attainment key stage 2 %	17	55%
Educational attainment key stage 4 %	19	60%
% of reception age children carrying excess weight	17	23%
% of year six children carrying excess weight	27	29%
0-19's Road Traffic Accidents, crude rate per 1000 pop	30	1.70
Live births to mums aged <20yrs 2015	30	3 (2.73%)
No of children aged 0-4 on a child protection order as of 31st March 2017	34	0
No of children aged 5-17 on a child protection order as of 31st March 2017	32	3
No of looked after children aged 0-4 as of 31st March 2017	31	0
No of looked after children aged 5-17 as of 31st March 2017	26	19
% of children achieving a good level of development at the end of reception	30	77%
Lancaster District Authority		Value
Unplanned hospitalisation for asthma, diabetes and epilepsy in under 19s (indirectly standardised rate per 100,000 pop aged >19yrs)	528.40	Significantly higher than England
Hospital admissions for accidental and deliberate injuries in children (aged 0-4) rate per 10,000 aged 0-4 2015/16	238.25	Significantly higher than England
LBW of term babies per 1000 live births	2.41	No significant difference from England rate
Alcohol-specific hospital admission - under 18s crude rate per 100,000	57.75	Significantly higher than England
Long term conditions (asthma, cancer, diabetes & epilepsy) - estimated number based on 0-17 MYE pop	2556	No comparison to Eng. Ranked 11/12 of the 12 Lancs. district authorities (1=best)
Smoking status at time of delivery	16.07%	Significantly higher than England
Lancashire North CCG		Value
Breastfeeding initiation	63%	Significantly lower than England

Metadata is available on request: [gillian.kelly@lancashire.gov.uk](mailto:gillian.kelly@lancashire.gov.uk)

\* MSOA - Middle Layer Super Output Areas are built from groups of Lower Layer Super Output Areas. The minimum population is 5000 and the mean is 7200