

Eye Health

in homecare settings

Some basic information and a fact-finding request

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Local Eye Heath Network (LEHN)

- Clinical network providing leadership in all aspect of eye health
 - Primary care optical practices
 - Local optical committees
 - Secondary care provider organisations
 - Commissioners
 - Voluntary sector
 - Sight loss support services
 - Educational bodies
 - Anyone with an interest in improving eye health



General Ophthalmic Services (GOS)

- The NHS Sight Test
- Not everyone is eligible, but all over 60s and those registered partially sighted / blind
- Patient needs to be due for routine examination, or having new sight problems
- NHS Optical Vouchers
- Help with the cost of spectacles for specific groups
 - Income Support
 - Income-related Employment and Support Allowance
 - Income-based Jobseeker's Allowance
 - Pension Credit Guarantee Credit
 - Universal Credit and meet the criteria
 - a valid NHS tax credit exemption certificate
 - a valid NHS certificate for full help with health costs (HC2)



GOS Mobile sight testing / domiciliary / home visits

Eligibility:

- At home
- If unable to leave home unaccompanied because of physical or mental illness or disability
- At a residential or care home
- If a resident and unable to leave the home unaccompanied because of physical or mental illness or disability
- At a day Centre
- If cannot get a sight test at an optician's practice because of physical or mental illness or disability or have difficulties communicating health needs unaided.
- Ref: https://www.nhs.uk/nhs-services/opticians/free-nhs-eye-tests-and-optical-vouchers/



GOS benefits and limitations

- Provides a large amount of eye care in England
- Scope of practice is limited
 - Determining if the patient needs spectacles
 - Detecting injury or disease and to refer for medical attention where indicated.
 - Does **not** fund further investigation and management of eye conditions
 - ... even though are optometrists are able to manage many low-level conditions.
 - Eg red eye, dry eye, ocular allergy, lash removal, foreign body removal.



MECS & CUES

Minor Eye Conditions Service Covid / Community Urgent Eyecare Service

- Widely available in L&SC optical practices (many, not all)
- Sore, red, watery, gritty, dry, eyes.
- Minor injuries, abrasions, foreign bodies, in-turned eyelashes.
- Sudden changes in vision, eg flashes & floaters
- Less commonly available via domiciliary services, I believe



What more could we do?

Working with homecare providers:

- Fleetwood PCN local optical lead & N-Vision
- Care staff training
 - Help understand effects of Cataract, Glaucoma, Macular degeneration, Stroke.
 - Understanding 'minor' issues such as dry eye and how to facilitate self-care.
- Record and understand a individual's basic eye health status.
- Knowing if a patient is registered SI or SSI.
- Labelling spectacles

NHS Lancashire and **South Cumbria**

Cataract



Lancashire and South Cumbria Integrated Care Board

Macular Degeneration



Normal Vision



The same scene affected by age-related macular degeneration

Lancashire and South Cumbria Integrated Care Board

Glaucoma





What more could we do?

Working with primary care Frailty & Falls teams:

- Primary care optometrists are not well integrated into other services
- Evidence for connection between poor sight and falls
- Evidence for connection between poor sight and dementia
- Guidance documents and training materials exist for optometrists
- Importance needs highlighting, understanding needs to be improved
- Frailty and Falls teams link to optical practices



What more could we do?

Supporting patients with sight loss

- Are sight loss support services reaching patients in case settings?
- Are you aware of the services available that you might help people access?
- The LEHN produces a directory of sight loss services
- We have some fantastic voluntary organisations in L&SC



What I would like to know from the Forum...

- Are your clients able to access domiciliary sight testing services when they need to them?
- Do care home residents get a meaningful choice of provider?
- Can they continue to see their existing optician?
- Are the optical businesses that come to your settings able to offer management of red eye, dry eye, ingrowing lashes, etc?
 (NHS service / privately)
- What more can we do?
- Training & support documents about eye health for care teams?
- Working more closely with primary care, eg Falls prevention?
- Raise awareness of sight loss resources?
- Something else?



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