Chorley's Children and Young People Profile

This profile provides an overview for Chorley. It includes demographics and key indicators which are directly related to health, or have an impact on children's health. The **statistical significance** comparisons are with England (see key on right). These are a snapshot, the <u>district</u> and <u>ward</u> profiles have a fuller range of indicators around these themes.

				-
Age	Area %	Area count	E&W %	•
0-4	5.2%	5946	5.3%	•
5-9	6.1%	6981	6.0%	
10-14	6.1%	6992	6.1%	•
15-19	5.1%	5819	5.6%	

Source: ONS, Census 2021

About the population

- Just over a fifth (22.4%) of the population (25,737) are aged between 0-19.
- Chorley has a similar proportion of children aged 0-14 compared to England and Wales.

Comparison with England Better

> Worse Similar

There is a slightly lower proportion aged 15-19 (5.1%) (E&W, 5.6%).

Deprivation

2.1% of children are living in child poverty (IDACI, 2019)

of children are in low income families (all dependent children under-20) (2016)

of children are in low income families (under-16) (2016)

%
20.3
19.4
18.4
15.7
13.5

Source: Fingertips, Local Health Profile (ward)

Childhood poverty can lead to poor health outcomes in later life. Reducing it is key to improving health in adulthood, and increasing healthy life expectancy. Chorley is significantly better than England for all three indicators (left), however, 12.1% are still living in poverty (income deprivation affecting children index - IDACI).

Breaking this down further, the table shows the five wards with the highest proportion of children in poverty. While two are significantly worse and two are similar compared to England, ten are significantly better (see <u>ward profile</u> for all ward values).

Additional indicators around deprivation, with England values and comparisons, are in the <u>district profile</u>.

30	under-18 conceptions (15.5 per 1,000
	<18) (2020)

- **0.9%** of deliveries are to teenage mothers (12-17 years) (2016/17-20/21)
- of mothers are smoking at the time of delivery (all ages) (2021/22)
- **2.0%** of term babies were low birth weight (LBW) (2020)
 - babies (**2.7** per 1,000) died before the age of one (2018-20)

Maternity and infancy

Becoming pregnant at a young age and/or being a teenage parent is linked to poorer outcomes, such as living in poverty, for both mother and baby. On these indicators, Chorley is similar to England.

Smoking when pregnant has negative effects for the mother and baby, and in Chorley an estimated 12.1% of mothers are smoking at the time of delivery, significantly worse than England.

The proportion of LBW term babies is similar to England, as is the rate of infant mortality. For variation across wards please see the <u>ward</u> profile.

Source: Fingertips, Local Health Profile (district)

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Children's health and wellbeing

A healthy childhood lays the foundations for a healthy adulthood and these indicators provide a useful overview of children's health in Chorley. While some are 'health' indicators, others are focused on the wider determinants of health (education, schooling). Where available, ward rankings have been provided, showing the five areas with the highest proportion or rates.

	of reportion children are overweight or	Reception: overweight or obese	,
23.1%		Coppull	30.6
	obese (2019/20-21/22)	Adlington & Anderton	29.2
	af waar Cabildoon and avanuation to a	Clayton West & Cuerden	25.0
34.0%	,	Chorley South West	24.5
	obese (2019/20-21/22)	Chorley South East & Heath Charnock	24.1
			A (
50 404	of children (5-16-years) are physically	Year 6: overweight or obese	%
50.1%	active (2020/21)	Clayton East, Brindle & Hoghton	42.2
	 obese (2019/20-21/22) of year 6 children are overweight or obese (2019/20-21/22) of children (5-16-years) are physically active (2020/21) 	Chorley North & Astley	39.5
0	 of year 6 children are overweight or obese (2019/20-21/22) of children (5-16-years) are physically active (2020/21) 	Eccleston, Heskin & Charnock Richard	35.3
		Chorley East	35.2
		Chorley South East & Heath Charnock	35.2
Source: F	ingertips, Local Health Profiles	Source: Fingertips, Local Health Profile (war	d)

of half days missed due to pupil absence (5-15-years) (2020/21)



41.3

3.6%

is the average attainment 8 score (15-16 -years) (2020/21)

emergency hospital admissions (per 1,000 children) for under-fives (2016/17-20/21)
127.5

emergency hospital admissions (per 10,000) for injuries (<15) (2016/17- 20/21)

Emergency admissions under-5	Per 1,000
Chorley North & Astley	249.0
Euxton	212.3
Clayton West & Cuerden	210.6
Chorley South West	198.5
Buckshaw & Whittle	192.7
Emergency admissions injuries <15	Per 10,000
Emergency admissions injuries <15 Euxton	Per 10,000 159.0
	,
Euxton	159.0
Euxton Chorley North & Astley	159.0 152.1
Euxton Chorley North & Astley Chorley South West	159.0 152.1 142.0

Better 🔴 Worse 💛 Similar

Source: Fingertips, Local Health Profile (ward)

Improving attendance at school can increase a child's opportunities and future life chances. A child who has consistent attendance will be more likely to achieve academically. Chorley is significantly better than England for both indicators.

Emergency hospital admissions are an important indication of wider determinants of poor health. These can include respiratory conditions caused by cold, damp homes, or smoking around children for example.

Emergency admissions for injuries are a major cause of premature mortality for children and young people, and can be a source of long-term issues, including mental health related to the experience.

In ten wards, emergency admissions in underfives are significantly worse than England, with the top five wards shown in the table. Croston, Mawdesley & Euxton South, Chorley North East, Chorley North West, and Coppull are similar to England.

For admissions for injuries (<15 years), the top five wards, and another five wards, are significantly worse than England. Croston, Mawdesley & Euxton South, Chorley North West, Adlington & Anderton, and Eccleston, Heskin & Charnock Richard are similar.

District profile

Please see the district profile below which highlights key indicators for Chorley. While some may not be specific to children and young people, they provide an oversight to health and wellbeing for people in the area.

Recent trends: - Could not be → No significant ↑ Increasing & ↑ Increasing & calculated change getting worse getting better		· ·	Decrea getting	· ·	T Increa	asing	Decreasi	Benchmark Value			
			Chorley		Region	England					
Indicator	Period	Recent Trend	Count	Value	Value	Value	Worst/ Lowest	Range	Best/ Highes		
ife expectancy at birth (Female, All ages, 3 year range)	2018 - 20	-	-	81.9	81.7	83.1			87.		
ife expectancy at birth (Male, All ages, 3 year range)	2018 - 20	-	-	78.9					84.		
ife expectancy at birth (Male, All ages, 1 year range)	2020	-	-	78.0	77.0	78.7	73.6	Ŏ	83.		
life expectancy at birth (Female, All ages, 1 year range)	2020	-	-	81.1	81.0	82.6	78.0		87.		
Children in low income families (under 16s) (Persons, <16 yrs)	2016	+	2,195	11.2%	18.0%	17.0%	31.8%		1.7%		
Children in relative low income families (under 16s) (Persons, <16 yrs)	2020/21	-	2,895	13.2%	21.2%	18.5%	42.4%		3.39		
Children in absolute low income families (under 16s) (Persons, <16 yrs)	2020/21	+	2,263	10.4%	16.6%	15.1%	39.2%		2.79		
Children in low income families (all dependent children under 20) (Persons, 0-19 yrs)	2016	+	2,500	11.1%	18.1%	17.0%	32.5%		2.89		
Child Poverty, Income deprivation affecting children index (IDACI) (Persons, <16 yrs)	2019	-	2,490	12.1%	-	17.1%	32.7%		3.29		
General fertility rate: live births per 1,000 women aged 15-44 years. five year pooled [Female, 15-44 yrs]	2016 - 20	-	5,701	56.9	-	59.2	37.3		79.		
Jnder 18s conception rate / 1,000 (Female, <18 yrs)	2020	-	30	15.5	16.7	13.0	30.4		2.		
Deliveries to teenage mothers (Female, 12-17 yrs)	2016/17 - 20/21	-	50	0.9%	-	0.7%	1.9%	\bigcirc	0.09		
Smoking status at time of delivery (Female, All ages)	2021/22	-	97	12.1%	10.6%	9.1%	21.1%		3.19		
Low birth weight of live babies, five year pooled (Persons, 0 yrs)	2016 - 20	-	336	5.9%	-	6.8%	10.6%		3.6%		
ow birth weight of term babies (Persons, >=37 weeks gestational age at birth)	2020	+	20	2.0%	2.7%	2.9%	4.9%		1.0%		
Baby's first feed breastmilk (Persons, Newborn)	2018/19	-	-	-	62.4%			Insufficient number of values for a spine chart	-		
nfant mortality rate (Persons, <1 yr)	2018 - 20	-	9						0.		
Reception: Prevalence of overweight (including obesity) (Persons, 4-5 yrs) New data Reception: Prevalence of overweight (including obesity), 3-years data combined	2021/22 2019/20 -	+	265						12.99		
Persons, 4-5 yrs) [New data] Reception: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) (Persons, 4-5 yrs)	21/22	-	-	23.1%	24.1%	22.6%	28.7%	4	13.6%		
New data	2021/22	+	120	10.0%	10.6%	10.1%	14.9%	Q	3.9%		
Reception: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity), 3-years data combined Persons, 4-5 yrs) New data	2019/20 - 21/22	-	-	9.8%	10.6%	9.9%	13.9%	\mathbf{Q}	4.0%		
/ear 6: Prevalence of overweight (including obesity) (Persons, 10-11 yrs) New data	2021/22	+	440	34.2%	39.0%	37.8%	49.1%		16.99		
Year 6: Prevalence of overweight (including obesity), 3-years data combined (Persons, 10-11 yrs) New data	2019/20 - 21/22	-	-	34.0%	37.5%	35.8%	46.2%		20.99		
Year 6: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity) (Persons, 10-11 yrs) New data	2021/22	+	255	19.8%	24.4%	23.4%	34.0%		7.7%		
Year 6: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity), 3-years data combined Persons, 10-11 yrs) New data	2019/20 - 21/22	-	-	19.1%	22.9%	21.6%	30.6%		10.3		
Pupil absence (Persons, 5-15 yrs)	2020/21	-	211,715	3.6%	4.7%	4.6%	6.5%		2.7%		
Average Attainment 8 score (Persons, 15-16 yrs)	2020/21	-	62,054	52.3	49.6	50.9	42.7		61.		
moking prevalence at age 15 - regular smokers (modelled estimates) (Persons, 15 rs)	2014	-	68	5.7%*	-	5.4%*	* 11.1%	Q	0.0		
moking prevalence at age 15 - regular or occasional smokers (modelled estimates) Persons, 15 yrs)	2014	-	106	9.0%*	-	8.2%*	14.9%		0.0		
Percentage of physically active children and young people (Persons, 5-16 yrs)	2020/21	-	-	50.1%	44.0%	44.6%	-	Insufficient number of values for a spine chart	-		
Percentage with a mean daily sedentary time in the last week over 7 hours per day at ge 15 (Persons, 15 yrs)	2014/15	-	-	-	71.2%	70.1%	-	Insufficient number of values for a spine chart	-		
mergency hospital admissions in under 5 years old, crude rate (Persons, 0-4 yrs)	2016/17 - 20/21	-	3,505	185.6	-	140.7	273.4		37		
mergency hospital admissions for injuries in under 5 years old, crude rate (Persons, 0- yrs)	2016/17 - 20/21	-	565	176.5	-	119.3	263.3		55		
mergency hospital admissions for injuries in under 15 years old, crude rate (Persons, 15 yrs)	2016/17 - 20/21	-	1,290	127.5	-	92.0	161.6		48		
mergency hospital admissions for injuries in 15 to 24 years old, crude rate (Persons, 5-24 yrs)	2016/17 - 20/21	-	655	114.1	-	127.9	314.8		58		
lospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children (aged 0- years) (Persons, 0-4 yrs)	2020/21	+	75	121.7	146.2	108.7	307.1	C	34		
lospital admissions, caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in children (aged 0- 4 years) (Persons, <15 yrs)	2020/21	+	200	97.5	100.5	75.7	173.4		26		
4 years) (rensons, < 15 yrs) lospital admissions caused by unintentional and deliberate injuries in young people aged 15-24 years) (Persons, 15-24 yrs)	2020/21		135	117.0	129.2	112.4	264.7	0	37		
Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s (Persons, <18 yrs)	2018/19 - 20/21	-	30	41.3	40.1	29.3	84.0	•	7		
Admission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s (Male, <18 yrs)	20/21 2018/19 - 20/21	_	10	26.9	29.7	22.8	-	Insufficient number of values for a spine chart	-		
dmission episodes for alcohol-specific conditions - Under 18s (Female, <18 yrs)	2018/19 -	-	20	56.5	51.0	36.1	111.3		8		
Chlamydia detection rate per 100,000 aged 15 to 24 (Male, 15-24 yrs)	20/21 2021	+	55		782				2,34		
maniyara dotocilon rato por rob,000 agou ro to 24 (Mato, 10-24 yis)	2021	•	35	312	102	000	2 0		3,66		

- the recent trend cannot be calculated for this value.

Please note, data collection for the National Child measurement Programme paused in March 2020, so data for 2019/20 is underrepresented.

Source: Fingertips, Local Health Profile (district)

Ward profile

Please see the ward profile below for Chorley. Please note, not all indicators in the district profile are available at ward level. Not all available indicators will have a value.

Better 95% Similar \	Norse 9	95%	N	ot cor	mpare	ed	Qui	ntiles	:	Low							ŀ	ligh
Indicator	Period		England	Chorley	Adington & Anderton	Buckshaw & Whittle	Chorley East	Chorley North & Astley	Chorley North East	Chorley North West	Chorley South East & Heath Charno	Chorley South West	Clayton East, Brindle & Hoghton	Clayton West & Cuerden	Coppul	Croston, Mawdesley & Euxton South	Eccleston, Heskin & Charnock Rich	Euxton
Reception: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity), 3-years data combined	2019/20 - 21/22		9.9	9.8	10.4	8.2*	10.9*	10.0	8.3	11.1	11.1	11.3	9.1	9.6	14.3	8.8*	7.7	7.8
Reception: Prevalence of overweight (including obesity), 3- years data combined	2019/20 - 21/22	•	22.6	23.1	29.2	19.7*	23.9*	20.0	16.7	22.2	24.1	24.5	20.5	25.0	30.6	20.6*	23.1	21.6
Year 6: Prevalence of obesity (including severe obesity), 3-years data combined	2019/20 - 21/22	۵	21.6	19.1	19.6	17.9*	20.4*	25.6	11.8	20.0	24.1	16.7*	24.4	16.7	20.4	17.1*	14.7*	17.3
Year 6: Prevalence of overweight (including obesity), 3-years data combined	2019/20 - 21/22	•	35.8	34.0	34.8	30.4*	35.2*	39.5	29.4	34.3	35.2	30.0*	42.2	33.3	32.7	31.7*	35.3*	32.7
Child and Maternal Health																		
Deliveries to teenage mothers	2016/17 - 20/21		0.7	0.9			•	•	*	*	*	1.9	*				0.0	*
General fertility rate: live births per 1,000 women aged 15-44 years. five year pooled	2016 - 20	<►	59.2	56.9	55.6	63.5	65.6	61.3	47.1	56.8	57.9	57.8	55.0	62.0	54.8	46.3	48.6	48.8
Low birth weight of live babies, five year pooled	2016 - 20		6.8	5.9	4.4	5.6	6.6	6.2	3.6	3.8	6.4	9.0	4.5	5.4	6.0	7.7	5.4	5.3
Children and Young people: Heal	th care u	se																
Emergency hospital admissions in under 5 years old, crude rate	2016/17 - 20/21		140.7	185.6	190.3	192.7	183.1	249.0	147.9	144.3	183.1	198.5	169.5	210.6	140.6	160.7	188.1	212.3
Emergency hospital admissions for njuries in under 5 years old, crude rate	2016/17 - 20/21	<►	119.3	176.5	170.0	172.0	186.3	237.2	192.7	217.1	153.1	189.0	187.5	167.9	157.6	166.7	120.8	172.
Emergency hospital admissions for njuries in under 15 years old, crude rate	2016/17 - 20/21	<►	92.0	127.5	105.6	123.4	118.1	152.1	120.2	115.8	128.2	142.0	134.5	118.1	141.4	117.4	96.3	159.
Emergency hospital admissions for njuries in 15 to 24 years old, crude rate	2016/17 - 20/21	۹ 🕨	127.9	114.1	106.0	91.1	164.5	129.1	123.2	175.9	115.2	105.6	106.3	88.3	112.2	117.8	83.0	109.9
child poverty																		
Child Poverty, Income deprivation affecting children index (IDACI) (Persons, <16 yrs)	2019	<►	17.1	12.1	10.4	8.7	20.3	18.4	6.4	7.7	12.2	19.4	15.7	9.8	13.5	5.9	5.7	6.0

No data

* Value suppressed for disclosure control reasons

Please note, data collection for the National Child measurement Programme paused in March 2020, so data for 2019/20 is underrepresented.

Source: Fingertips, Local Health Profile (ward)

Business Intelligence, Lancashire County Council, December 2022