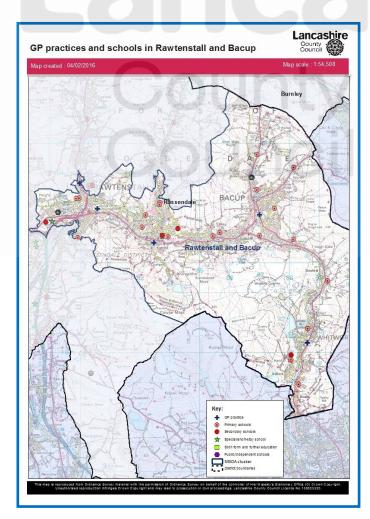
## Lancashire County Council Children & Young People's Public Health — Child Health Profiles 2017

Public Health, assisted by Business Intelligence within Lancashire County Council have created 34 middle level (MSOA\* cluster) Child Health Profiles (CHPs). This is because the CHPs on the Public Health England website are only at upper tier level. This does not show the outcome data at sub-district level but just an overview of children and young people's health across the whole of County. These lower level profiles highlight where children's health needs are the greatest and opportunities to reduce inequalities are greatest.



## **RAWTENSTALL & BACUP**

There are 20 primary schools in Rawtenstall & Bacup, 4 secondary schools, 1 special school and 2 independent schools.

There are 4 GP practices.

The rate of infant deaths is high with a rate of 7 deaths per 1000 live births over a ten year period (ranked 4 of 34 CHPs where 1 = worst).

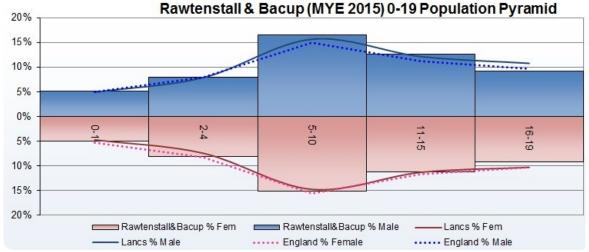
A low proportion of 15/16 year olds are achieving education key stage 4 with just 47% doing so (6th).

34% of 11 year olds are overweight (6th).

24% of children are living in poverty and 17% claiming free school meals (9th).

There is a low rate of A&E attendances for 5-19 year olds and child mortality is low as is the rate of road traffic accidents involving children living in this area.

			Rawtenstall&Bacup %	Rawtenstall&Bacup %	Lancs %	
Age Band	Female	Male	Fem	Male	Fem	Lancs % Male
0-1	476	484	5%	5%	5%	5%
2-4	779	763	8%	8%	7%	8%
5-10	1440	1574	15%	16%	15%	16%
11-15	1080	1205	11%	13%	11%	12%
16-19	879	872	9%	9%	10%	11%
Total	4654	4898	49%	51%	49%	51%



<sup>\*</sup> MSOA - Middle Layer Super Output Areas are built from groups of Lower Layer Super Output Areas. The minimum population is 5000 and the mean is 7200

## Lancashire County Council Children & Young People's Public Health — Child Health Profiles 2017

Indicators are ranked according to their position within the 34 MSOA clusters created throughout Lancashire. The colour ramp indicates in which quintile the value is located. The top seven being red (worst 5th), the next seven being orange (2nd worst 5th) the mid 6 being yellow (middle 5th) the next to best seven being blue (2nd best fifth) and the lowest seven being green (best 5th)

Top 5 'worst' indicators	Rank		Value
Infant deaths per 1,000 live births, 2006-2015	4	Û	6.90
Educational attainment key stage 4 %	6	Û	47%
% of year six children carrying excess weight	6	Û	34%
% of children living in poverty, 2015	7	⇔	24%
Free school meals Jan 2017 %	9	Û	17%
Rawtenstall & Bacup	Rank	U	Value
% of children living in poverty, 2015	7	⇔	24%
Child mortality rate per 10,000 1-17 year olds, 2006-2015	25	\$	11 (1.33)
Infant deaths per 1,000 live births, 2006-2015	4	Û	33 (6.84)
A&E attendance rate per 1,000 0-4 year olds, 2015/16	22	Û	403.28
A&E attendance rate per 1,000 5-19 year olds, 2015/16			237.30
	31	NEW	237.30
Non elective admissions in 0-4 year olds rate per 1,000, 2015/16	19		
Free school meals Jan 2017 %	9	Û	17%
YP NEET %	13	*	4%
Educational attainment key stage 2 %	14	®	53%
Educational attainment key stage 4 %	6	Û	47%
% of reception age children carrying excess weight	13	Û	23%
% of year six children carrying excess weight	6	Û	34%
0-19's Road Traffic Accidents, crude rate per 1000 pop	22	*	2.30
Live births to mums aged <20yrs 2015	13	NEW	21 (4.61%)
No of children aged 0-4 on a child protection order as of 31st March 2017	8	NEW	24
No of children aged 5-17 on a child protection order as of 31st March 2017	9	NEW	30
No of looked after children aged 0-4 as of 31st March 2017	13	NEW	13
No of looked after children aged 5-17 as of 31st March 2017	3	NEW	59
% of children achieving a good level of development at the end of reception	12	NEW	69%
Rossendale District Authority	Value		
Unplanned hospitalisation for asthma, diabetes and epilepsy in under 19s			No significant difference from
(indirectly standardised rate per 100,000 pop aged <19yrs)	388.2	Û	England rate
Hospital admissions for accidental and deliberate injuries in children (aged 0-			Significantly higher
4) rate per 10,000 aged 0-4 2015/16	201.62	仓	than England
			No significant
LBW of term babies per 1000 live births	3.24	Û	difference from England rate
LBW of term babies per 1000 live births	3.24	u	No significant
		100	difference from
Alcohol-specific hospital admission - under 18s crude rate per 100,000	50.65	Û	England rate
			No comparison to Eng.
			Ranked 3/12 of the 12
Long term conditions (asthma, cancer, diabetes & epilepsy) - estimated			Lancs. district
number based on 0-17 MYE pop	1452	NEW	authorities (1=best)
namber based on o-17 mile pop	1402	INCAN	Significantly higher
Smoking status at time of delivery	16.38%	NEW	than England
East Lancashire CCG	Value		
			No significant difference from
Breastfeeding initiation	72%	Û	England rate

Metadata is available on request gillian.kelly@lancashire.gov.uk

<sup>\*</sup> MSOA - Middle Layer Super Output Areas are built from groups of Lower Layer Super Output Areas. The minimum population is 5000 and the mean is 7200