

Lancaster NI-153 FACTSHEET

NI-153, Working-age people claiming out of work benefits in the worst performing neighbourhoods

NI-153 is the chosen Employability / Worklessness indicator in the Lancashire LAA, supported by a local indicator (NI-152) concentrating on working-age people claiming out of work benefits across the county.

The calculations and formulas for NI-153 are taken from guidance issued by DCLG.

Worst performing neighbourhoods are defined as lowest-super output areas (LSOAs) where the average % of people claiming an out-of work benefit for the four quarters May 2006, August 2006, November 2006 and February 2007 as against the working-age population for those areas exceeded 25%. Using this calculation there are 83 LSOAs in Lancashire, with at least two LSOAs in all districts with the exceptions of Fylde and Ribble Valley.

An *out-of-work benefit* is defined as unemployed people claiming Job Seekers Allowance, Lone Parents on income support, Incapacity Benefits, and others on income-related benefits).

The baseline data for the LAA recognised the four-quarter average of out-of-work benefit claimants for the four quarters August 2006, November 2006, February 2007 and May 2007.

Recently data for August and November 2007 and February 2008 has been released and this is included in the data for each district in this paper.

The target in the LAA is calculated as follows:

<u>Working-Age population</u>	<u>Claimants in LSOAs</u>	<u>% (LAA baseline)</u>
74,925	22,550	30.1

Most recent data is for February 2008 is:

<u>Working-Age population</u>	<u>Claimants in LSOAs</u>	<u>% (if only used Feb.'08)</u>
74,925	21,495	28.7 (-1.4%)

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Lancaster (NI153)

NI153 pre-fix indicates the data is for districts made up from the 83 SOAs. Otherwise data is for the entire district.

- NI153: Young population – 46.4% aged under 30 years compared to 36.6% Lancashire wide.
- NI153: Population lacks ethnic diversity – less than 2% of the population are classed as being from an ethnic group other than white.
- NI153: 50% of the population categorised as “Ties of Community” by MOSAIC data – live in old houses, which they own, drive their own cars and hold down jobs.
- NI153: High unemployment – claimant count peaked at 5.8% of the working age population over a 12 month period compared to the Lancashire average of 1.9%.
- NI153: More than a quarter of the population (26.1%) has a limiting long-term illness.
- NI153: Almost 55% of those in receipt of IB or SDA are for mental health reasons.
- NI153: High crime levels - incidents of domestic violence and rates of violent crime per 1,000 of the population are more than triple the Lancashire averages.
- NI153: Poor access to green space – less than 0.1 thousand m² per 1,000 population compared to 2.3 thousand m² nationally (10.6 thousand m² Lancashire wide).
- NI153: Good air quality – combined air quality score of 0.8 compared to 1.01 average for Lancashire.

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Targets

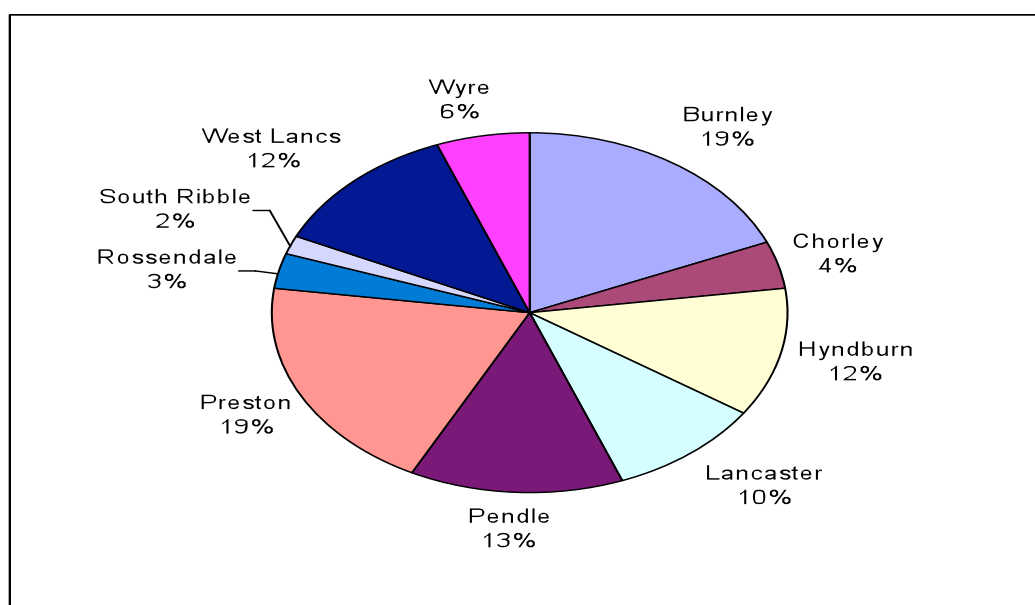
Partners through the LAA have agreed:

- 2% reduction in all areas;
- 2.5% reduction in areas with Working Neighbourhoods Fund (WNF)

<u>LAA baseline</u>	<u>Target (2011)</u>	<u>Less claimants *</u>
30.1%	28.1%	1499

<u>District</u>	<u>LAA baseline (%)</u>	<u>% reduction</u>	<u>Target</u>	<u>Less claimants *</u>
Burnley	31.8	2.5	29.3	322
Chorley	25.7	2	23.7	69
Hyndburn	29.9	2.5	27.4	203
Lancaster	30.0	2	28.0	165
Pendle	28.4	2.5	25.9	229
Preston	31.4	2.5	28.9	340
Rossendale	27.4	2	25.4	50
South Ribble	28.0	2	26.0	28
West Lancs.	30.3	2	28.3	211
Wyre	30.2	2	28.3	101
				1718

* - this is an equivalent to figure for the number of people who would have to stop claiming benefits with no other people registering for claiming a benefit and a static working-age population.



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Lancashire Local Area Agreement (LAA)
NI-153 core data, August 2008

Lancaster

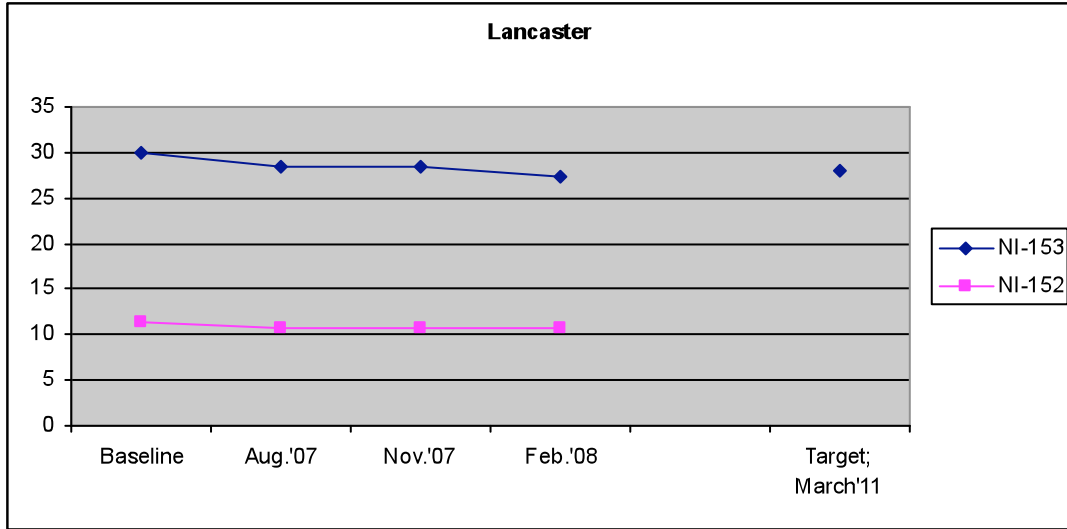
LSOA 220Code	LSOA Name		Working Age pop.	Aug '06	Nov '06	Feb '07	May '07	4 Quarter Ave	NI153	Aug.'07	Nov.'07	Feb.'08	
E01025156	Lancaster 012C	Skerton West	813	320	320	325	295	1260	315	38.7	315	315	305
E01025171	Lancaster 010B	Westgate	1,083	345	340	360	350	1395	349	32.2	350	355	335
E01025117	Lancaster 009C	Heysham North	1,203	375	380	370	345	1470	368	30.5	325	335	300
E01025139	Lancaster 006D	Poulton	1,070	335	315	335	305	1290	323	30.1	300	285	265
E01025110	Lancaster 009A	Harbour	1,214	375	360	350	340	1425	356	29.3	325	330	300
E01025154	Lancaster 011E	Skerton West	843	250	245	235	240	970	243	28.8	240	240	245
E01025136	Lancaster 006B	Poulton	966	250	255	255	250	1010	253	26.1	245	250	260
E01025112	Lancaster 006A	Harbour	1,080	290	280	285	250	1105	276	25.6	250	250	245
			8,272					2,481	30.0	2,350	2,360	2,255	
										28.4	28.5	27.3	

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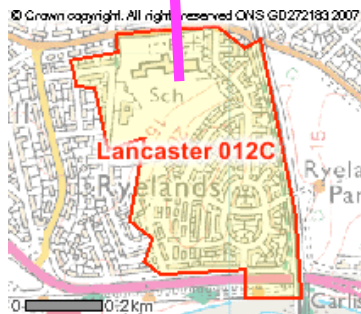
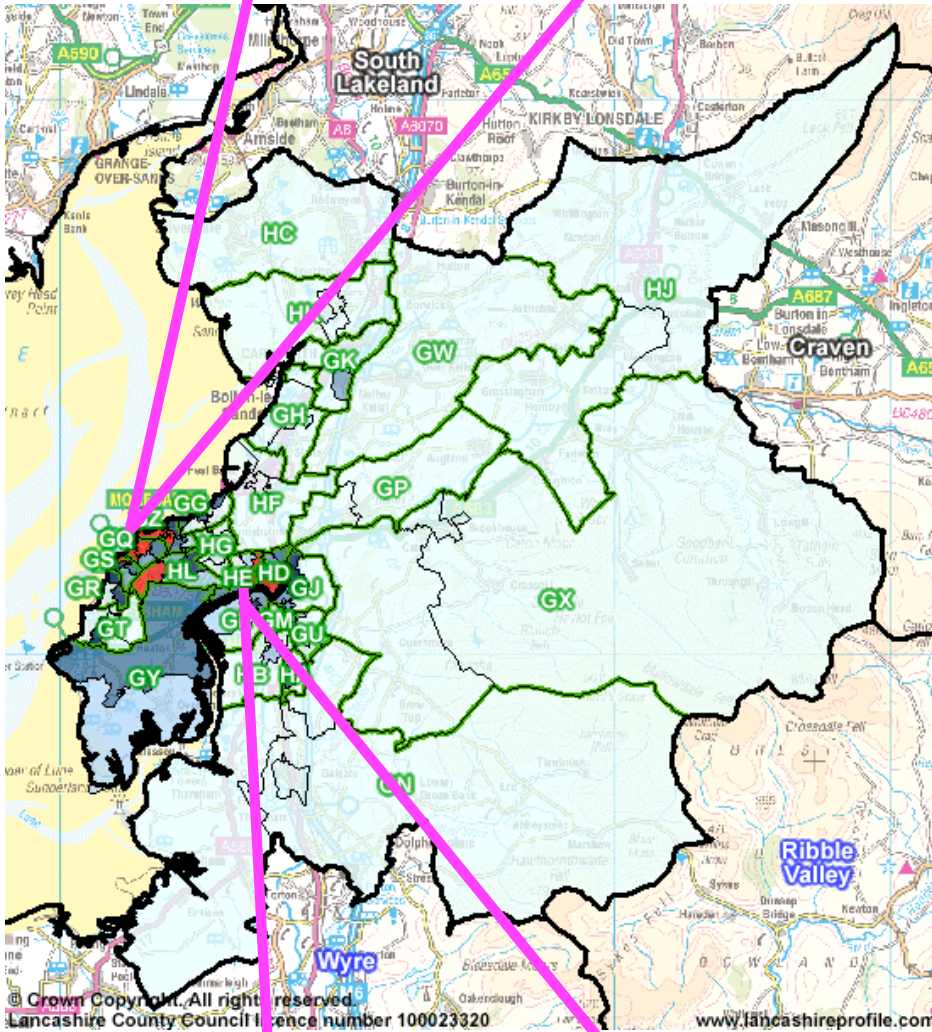
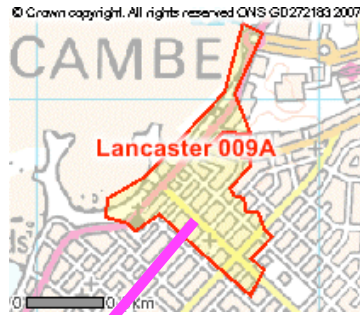
Lancaster NI-152 information

Place	Working Age pop.*	Aug '06	Nov '06	Feb '07	May '07	4 Quarter Ave	NI152 (%)	Aug.'07	Nov.'07	Feb.'08
Lancaster	90,620	10,305	10,235	10,450	9,805	10,199	11.3%	9,800 10.8%	9,770 10.8%	9,785 10.8%
Lancashire County	713,103	88,735	87,215	88,210	85,625	87,446	12.3	86,090 12.1%	84,515 11.9%	85,095 11.9%

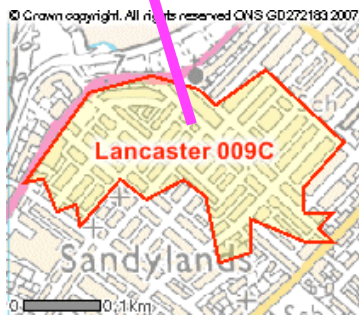
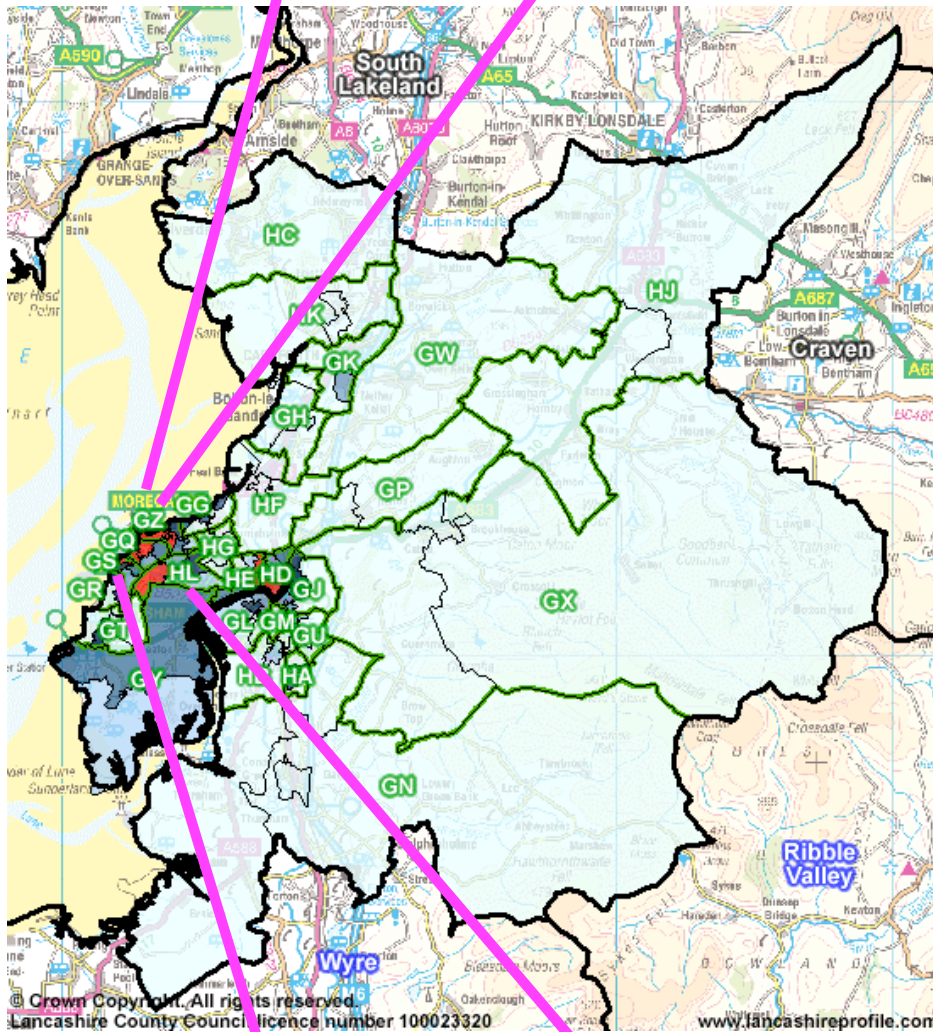
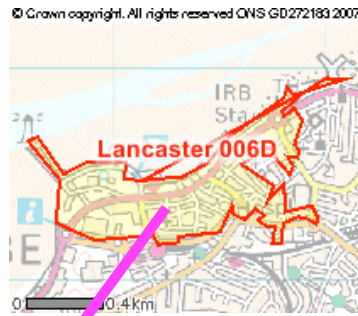
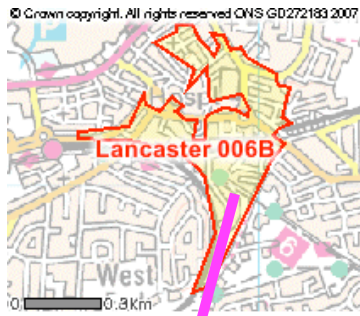
* - 2006 mid-year estimates



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POPULATION

Area	Pop	Female		Male	
	No	No	%	No	%
NI153 SOAs	125,812	64,254	51.1	61,558	48.9
Lancaster	13,661	7,012	51.3	6,649	48.7
Lancashire	1,165,720	595,027	51.0	570,693	49.0
North West	6,853,200	3,498,700	51.1	3,354,500	48.9
England	50,762,900	25,836,600	50.9	24,926,400	49.1

Source: Mid-2006 Population Estimates, ONS

AGE

Area	Pop	0-15	Working age: 16-59 females, 16-64 males
	No	%	%
NI153 SOAs	125,812	24.4	60.0
Lancaster	13,661	23.5	60.8
Lancashire	1,165,720	19.0	61.2

Source: Mid-2006 Population Estimates, ONS

ETHNICITY

Area	White	Mixed	Indian	Pakistani	Bangla -deshi	Other Asian	Black	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	86.0	1.1	2.1	8.5	1.2	0.4	0.4	0.3
Lancaster	98.3	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1	0.4
Lancashire	94.7	0.7	1.3	2.3	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.4
North West	94.4	0.9	1.1	1.7	0.4	0.2	0.6	0.6
England	90.9	1.3	2.1	1.4	0.6	0.5	2.3	0.9

Source: Census 2001, ONS

INCOME

Area	Low	Below average	Low or below average	Average	Above average	High
	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	60.8	33.8	94.6	3.1	1.7	0.6
Lancaster	79.5	16.9	96.4	2.4	1.2	0.0
Lancashire	19.9	22.0	41.8	14.8	22.0	21.3

Source: MOSAIC Data 2008; Experian

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INCAPACITY BENEFIT POPULATION (average March '07 – February '08)

Area	All IB/SDA	IB Claim.	16-24	25-49	50-59	60+	Female	Male	Mental Health
	No	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	13629	92.5	7.1	52.5	30.7	9.7	40.3	59.7	47.7
Lancaster	1386	92.1	7.7	54.5	27.7	10.2	38.4	61.6	54.9
Lancashire	59,938	90.4	5.9	45.2	34.3	14.6	42.6	57.4	40.5

Source: Benefits payments, DWP; ONS

JSA CLAIMANTS AGAINST WORKING-AGE POPULATION

Area	Aug-07	Sep-07	Oct-07	Nov-07	Dec-07	Jan-08	Feb-08	Mar-08	Apr-08	May-08	Jun-08	Jul-08
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	5.0	4.8	4.6	4.6	4.7	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.1
Lancaster	5.3	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.5	5.7	5.8	5.8	5.6	5.3	5.3	5.4
Lancashire	1.8	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9
North West	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.7
England	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.3

Source: Claimant Count, Nomis; Census 2001, ONS

INDUSTRY JOBS AS PROPORTION OF ALL JOBS

Area	W.sale and retail trade	Manu-facturing	Public admin and defence	Real estate, renting and bus. activities	Hotels and restaurants	Health and social work	Edu-cation	Other services	Financial inter-mediation
NI153 SOAs	24.5	15.7	12.7	10.4	7.5	6.9	6.2	5.5	3.8
Lancaster	29.4	4.5	2.4	11.6	18.6	9.8	6.4	7.3	2.8
Lancashire	17.0	16.8	6.2	12.8	7.1	12.9	10.4	4.2	2.1
North West	17.0	12.5	5.6	15.8	7.0	12.7	9.4	4.7	3.4
England	16.9	10.9	5.3	17.9	6.7	11.8	9.2	5.3	4.0

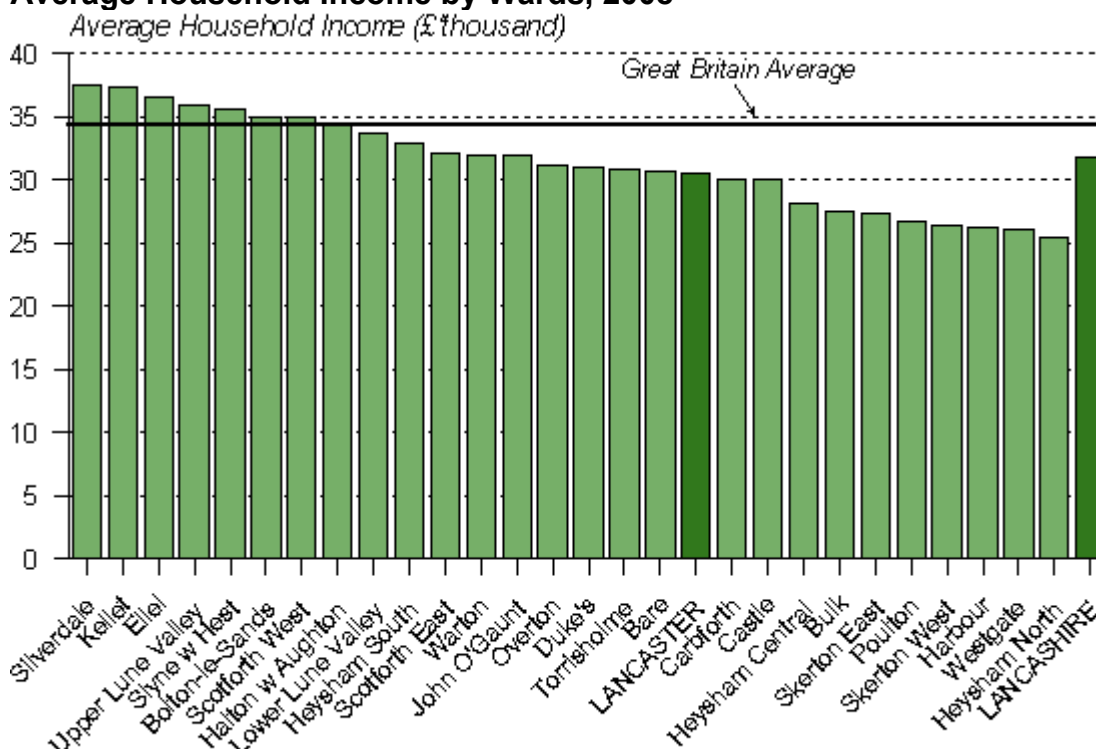
Source: Annual Business Enquiry, 2006; Nomis

Key employers & employment sites

http://www.lancashire.gov.uk/office_of_the_chief_executive/lancashireprofile/areas/laconc.asp

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Average Household Income by Wards, 2008



www.lancashireprofile.com

Source CACI Ltd - PayCheck Data 2008

SKILLS

Area	None	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Level 4/5	Other
	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	45.8	17.3	16.3	5.6	8.3	6.7
Lancaster	40.9	18.2	17.3	6.6	9.5	7.4
Lancashire	30.1	17.0	19.7	8.4	17.3	7.5

Source: Census 2001, ONS

LIMITING LIFE-LONG ILLNESS

Area	All People	With Limiting Long Term Illness	Without Limiting Long Term Illness
		%	%
NI153 SOAs	123,492	24.8	75.2
Lancaster	12,429	26.1	73.9
Lancashire	1,134,974	20.2	79.8
North West	6,729,764	20.7	79.3
England	49,138,831	17.9	82.1

Source: Census 2001, ONS

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HOSPITAL EPISODES FOR ALCOHOL & DRUGS

Area	Low	Below average	Average	Above average	High	Above Average or high
	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	2.5	10.4	4.8	10.2	72.2	82.3
Lancaster	3.5	4.9	4.6	2.3	84.8	87.0
Lancashire	48.0	10.5	11.9	6.5	23.1	29.6

Source: MOSAIC Data 2008; Experian

HOSPITAL EPISODES FOR MENTAL HEALTH ISSUES

Area	Low	Below average	Average	Above average	High	Above Average or high
	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	2.0	0.9	5.3	17.6	74.1	91.7
Lancaster	2.4	2.2	7.5	2.0	85.8	87.9
Lancashire	43.3	6.2	17.4	8.8	24.3	33.1

Source: MOSAIC Data 2008; Experian

VIOLENCE, DRUGS & ALOCOHOL INCIDENTS /1000 of POPULATION

Area	Domestic Violence	Common Assault	Violent Crime	Assault, rape, stabbing or gun wounds (ambulance figures)	Drugs offences
NI153 SOAs	23.1	9.0	35.3	10.7	6.1
Lancaster	37.1	8.6	37.7	12.9	5.4
Lancashire	8.7	3.2	11.9	3.3	1.9

Source: Lancashire MADE Public

ANTI-SOCIAL BEHAVIOUR & CRIMINAL DAMAGE /1000 of POPULATION

Area	ASB (Police Incidents)	Criminal Damage
NI153 SOAs	230.7	42.8
Lancaster	280.7	57.4
Lancashire	99.6	18.1

Source: Lancashire MADE Public

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MOASIC HOUSEHOLD DATA

Area	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
NI153 SOAs	0.0	1.3	1.0	37.3	0.0	12.6	29.1	10.3	7.5	0.8	0.0
Lancaster	0.0	1.2	0.0	50.4	0.0	6.5	22.0	4.5	9.4	6.1	0.0
Lancashire	6.6	9.8	19.1	27.7	2.4	2.7	6.4	7.1	3.8	10.1	4.5

Source: MOSAIC Data 2008; Experian

Group A: Symbols of Success

People whose lives are 'successful' by whatever yardsticks society commonly uses to measure success. These are people who have rewarding careers rather than jobs, who live in sought after locations, who drive the more modern and expensive cars and who indulge in the most exotic leisure pursuits. Most, though not all, appear to enjoy stable household arrangements.

Group B: Happy Families

Happy Families contains people whose focus is on career, home and family. These are mostly younger age groups who are married, or at least in a permanent relationship, and are now raising children in post war family houses, often in areas of the country with rapidly growing populations. The focus of expenditure is on equipment for the home and garden, and the immediate family unit is the principal focus of leisure activities.

Group C: Suburban Comfort

Suburban Comfort comprises people who have successfully established themselves and their families in comfortable homes in mature suburbs. Children are becoming more independent, work is becoming less of a challenge and interest payments on homes and other loans are becoming less burdensome. With more time and money on their hands, people can relax and focus on activities that they find intrinsically rewarding.

Group D: Ties of Community

Ties of Community is comprised of people whose lives are mostly played out within the confines of close knit communities. Living mostly in older houses in inner city neighbourhoods or in small industrial towns, most of these people own their homes, drive their own cars and hold down responsible jobs. Community norms rather than individual material ambitions shape the pattern of most residents' consumption.

Group E: Urban Intelligence

Urban Intelligence mostly contains young and well educated people who are open to new ideas and influences. Young and single, and few encumbered with children, these people tend to be avid explorers of new ideas and fashions, cosmopolitan in their tastes and liberal in their social attitudes. Whilst eager consumers of the media and with a sophisticated understanding of brand values, they like to be treated as individuals, and value authenticity over veneer.

Group F: Welfare Borderline

Welfare Borderline is comprised of many people who are struggling to achieve the material and personal rewards that are assumed to be open to all in an affluent society. Few hold down rewarding or well paying jobs and, as a result, most rely on the council for their accommodation, on public transport to get around and on state benefits to fund even the bare

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essentials. The lack of stability in many family formations undermines social networks and leads to high levels of anti social behaviour among local children.

Group G: Municipal Dependency

Municipal Dependency mostly contains families on lower incomes who live on large municipal council estates where few of the tenants have exercised their right to buy. Often isolated in the outer suburbs of large provincial cities, Municipal Dependency is characterised as much by low aspirations as by low incomes. Here people watch a lot of television and buy trusted mainstream brands from shops that focus on price rather than range or service.

Group H: Blue Collar Enterprise

Blue Collar Enterprise comprises people who, though not necessarily very well educated, are practical and enterprising in their orientation. Many of these people live in what were once council estates but where tenants have exercised their right to buy. They own their cars, provide a reliable source of labour to local employers and are streetwise consumers. Tastes are mass market rather than individualistic and focus on providing comfort and value to family members.

Group I: Twilight Subsistence

Twilight Subsistence consists of elderly people who are mostly reliant on state benefits, and live in housing designed by local authorities and housing associations. Some live in old people's homes or sheltered accommodation, while others live in small bungalows, set in small enclaves within larger council estates. Most of these people spend money only on the basic necessities of life.

Group J: Grey Perspectives

Grey Perspectives consists mostly of pensioners who own their homes and who have some source of income beyond the basic state pension. Many of these people have, on retirement, moved to the seaside or the countryside to live among people similar to themselves. Today many of these people have quite active lifestyles and are considered in their purchasing decisions.

Group K: Rural Isolation

Rural Isolation contains people whose pattern of living is distinctively rural. They live not just outside major population centres but also deep in the countryside, in small communities which have been little influenced by the influx of urban commuters. These are places where people with different levels of income share attachments to local communities, and where engagement with the community and with the natural environment are more important to most residents than material consumption.

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INDICES OF MULTIPLE DEPRIVATION

Area	Total number of SOAs	SOAs ranked in bottom 10% nationally		SOAs ranked in bottom 20% nationally	
		No	% of all SOAs	No	% of all SOAs
NI153 SOAs	83	58	69.9	82	98.8
Lancaster	8	6	75.0	8	100.0

Source: Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

IMD - EMPLOYMENT

Area	Total number of SOAs	SOAs ranked in bottom 10% nationally		SOAs ranked in bottom 20% nationally	
		No	% of all SOAs	No	% of all SOAs
NI153 SOAs	83	48	57.8	79	95.2
Lancaster	8	6	75.0	7	87.5

Source: Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

IMD - SKILLS

Area	Total number of SOAs	SOAs ranked in bottom 10% nationally		SOAs ranked in bottom 20% nationally	
		No	% of all SOAs	No	% of all SOAs
NI153 SOAs	83	58	69.9	82	98.8
Lancaster	8	6	75.0	8	100.0

Source: Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

IMD - HEALTH

Area	Total number of SOAs	SOAs ranked in bottom 10% nationally		SOAs ranked in bottom 20% nationally	
		No	% of all SOAs	No	% of all SOAs
NI153 SOAs	83	80	96.4	83	100.0
Lancaster	8	8	100.0	8	100.0

Source: Indices of Multiple Deprivation 2007

IMD - CRIME

Area	Total number of SOAs	SOAs ranked in bottom 10% nationally		SOAs ranked in bottom 20% nationally	
		No	% of all SOAs	No	% of all SOAs
NI153 SOAs	83	32	38.6	52	62.7
Lancaster	8	4	50.0	7	87.5

Source: Indices of Multiple Deprivation 200

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Further information available through Lancashire Profile website:

http://www.lancashire.gov.uk/office_of_the_chief_executive/lancashireprofile/areas/la.asp

or

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Part of the Joint Strategic Needs Assessment Corporate Research and Intelligence Team
Policy Unit, Office of the Chief Executive